THE CRIMSON TRIANGLE
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

WEST END CINEMA
A LIBERAL EDUCATION OF THE MOST UNOBJECTIONABLE THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

VOL. V NO. 206 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co, will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I, sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

For Sailings and Freight apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
BOMBAY BRANCH
Alice Buildings, Fort,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 319,057.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the Undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.
Bukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAMES'
Electro Tonic Pearls.

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of over work and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.
Market, BOMBAY.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombasa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumu
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Daressalam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS,

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia are purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits, granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1889.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 35,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 21,800,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsein Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tachiing
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGHDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA.

Authorised Capital £21,500,000
Called up Capital £2600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £900,000
Reserve Fund £270,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.).
J. C. Georges Bouillet, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris)
J. S. Haskell, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarjee Goculdas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and divdends collected for clients.

D. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,33,439	15	5
Reserve Funds	11,37,432	8	0

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches:
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

NAND LAL PURI,
Manager.

THE
SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 18,750,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 1,600,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.
BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Kyoto	San Francisco
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankau	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	New York	Yokohama
Kobe	Osaka	etc.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

J. SATO, Manager.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.
Branches:—Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 5,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Re. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.

Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars—Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
112, Esplanade Road, Fort.

HOTELS

R. K. F. SASANIAN & CO.

Marine Lines, First Lane.

BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS,
GENERAD MERCHANTS AND TOBACCONISTS.

EASTERN HOTEL.

13, Meadows Street, Bombay.
EXCELLENT CUISINE,
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.
MONTHLY RESIDENTS AT CHEAP RATES

DURBAR DELAVER RESTAURANT.

Hot meals of exquisite taste and best quality.

14, GREEN STREET, FORT.

THE EVER POPULAR
EMPRESS HOTEL
NASIK ROAD,
DEOLALI.
MODERATE CHARGES.
FAMOUS FOR CUISINE
SPACIOUS GYMKHANA

CONSUMPTIVES

I can PROVE that my remedy kills T. B. and heals cavities and has cured a leading Government official in six months.

Civil Surgeon's last report.—"He is not suffering from any sign of tubercle, and he has gained weight, and I think he will soon go down to work" (N B.—Resumed duty last April).

Doctor writes:—"This is really a record of which you may be rightly proud. I hope you will take upon yourself to publish a report of all such cases."

Delhi Doctor writes:—"I shall thank you to send your medicine per V. P. P. to the following address."

Sanatorium Doctor writes:—"This is indeed an established institution to give a fair trial of the efficacy of the medicine."

Dr. writes (advanced stage):—"Steady progress, my wife can now sew and write letters."

Civil Surgeon convinced, 13th August, 1917:—"She steadily put on weight (about 8 lbs. in 30 days) and when examined by the Civil Surgeon after a month's trial, he found her lungs almost well and strongly advised her to continue your treatment."

Government Official:—"Your remedy has worked such a marvellous change in me."

Singapore Patient:—"I have handed your circular to my Doctor here, urging him to recommend as many as he possibly can on my personal experience."

Secunderabad.—"We have heard much of your cure from people living in the Kistra District.

Lately a gentleman by the name of—wrote recommending your cure as THE ONLY CURE for this malady. We have every confidence in it."

Punjab.—"The marvellous change your treatment has done."

Simla:—"I have just heard from an old pupil of ours that her husband has been completely cured by taking some powder which I understand has been prescribed by you for tuberculosis. I know he was very ill and has been quite cured."

Another from Simla:—"I hear you have caused MOST WONDERFUL CURES."

Convincing proofs from—

REV. G. R. WALTERS,
Chaplain,
76, LAMINGTON ROAD,
Opposite Lal Chimney, BOMBAY.

FOR
ANY THING FASHIONABLE
in Chinese Japanese, French and English Silk Piece Goods, Art Embroidery Work, etc.

A VISIT TO OUR SHOW ROOMS
will more than pay your trouble and will get you a chance to select your equirements from quite a variety of up-to-date articles.

AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE BY AUCTION

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 53, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), of Very Rich Latest Artistic Designed Household Furniture by Messrs. John Roberts, Devji Canji and other Well-known Makers, Rich Indian Carved Wardrobes, Hand Carved Devenports Hornless Gramophones, Full Compass Grand Cottage Piano by Ignace Player Co. of Paris, large Cabinet Designed Star Organ by the Star Organ Co. of America, Jost's Full Size Radio Fan, etc., etc

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 1. New Marine Lines, Queen's Road, the very rich latest artistic designed highly polished household furniture by Messrs John Roberts, Devji Kanji and other well-known makers consisting of sliding dining tables, dining chairs, Queen Anne and Louis Pattern sideboards, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, silk tapestry lined fan and moon pattern spring cushioned drawing room complete suite, artistic drawing hall cabinets, revolving roll top office tables, Indian carved lady's Devenports, rich hand carved wardrobes, hornless gramophones with selected records, full compass grand cottage piano by the Ignace Player Co. of Paris, large cabinet designed organ by the Star Organ Co. of America, full size Jost's Radio fan, rich Persian carpets, rich ornaments, Chesterfield easy chairs and sofas, Majolica flower vases, mirrored hatstands, rich teapoys, set of pictures of Othelo series by Shakespeare, rich engravings, rich door curtains, selected bedroom double and single almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chests of drawers, marble top dressing and washing tables, iron and wooden double and single beds, rich plate-ware, glassware, porcelainware, etc., etc.

The property of A. C. Gupta, Esq., M.A., Chief Assist. Accountant-General, Bombay and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE ON FRIDAY, THE 14TH SEPTEMBER, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.), OF VERY HIGH CLASS ITALIAN SCULPTURED WHITE AND COLOURED MARBLE STATUES OF RICH TASTE, MARBLE AND WOODEN PEDASTALS, BUSTS OF WARRIORS, POETS, AUTHORS AND FIGURES OF ACTRESSES.

On FRIDAY, the 14th September, at 2-30 p.m. S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the Consignees.

Ex. S. S. "LOREDANO," which arrived in Bombay on or about the 21st August.

Consisting of a rare consignment of very high class Italian sculptured white and coloured figures of varieties, marble and wooden pedestals, busts of distinguished personages, etc., etc.

Catalogues will be published and the consignment will be on view from Thursday, the 6th September.

Note.—The above figures have been sculptured by a well-known Professor in the Art at Florence.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th August, 1917.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGO EX. S. S. "INDIA", LATE S. S. "VORWAERTS."

In accordance with Section 88 of the Sea Customs Act VIII of 1878 and under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, 3rd September, 1917, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at the Port Trust, Ballard Pier, Shed, near the Bombay Port Trust Office, the following goods, being a portion of uncleared and unreleased cargo of the above vessel:

20 cases enamelled ware, 10 cases soap, 25 cases lamp glass (chimney), 2 cases cotton wicks, 18 cases Berlin wool, 1 case maggi preserves, 4 cases hat racks, 1 case note book, 5 cases pencils, 1 case sweets, 47 cases cigarette paper, 4 cases perfumery, 65 cases ceresin wax, 5 cases sugarware, 3 cases metalware, 15 cases account books, 11 cases iron safes and 11 wooden stands, 12 cases glass and metal buttons, 1 case colour (aniline dye), 2 cases shoes, 5 cases books, 1 case placards, 4 bales carpets (coir matting), 1 case plaster, 10 cases iron sticks, 7 cases lama braids, 20 cases mineral water (Hunadi Janos), 14 cases felt hats, 4 cases antimony, 2 cases combs, 1 case glassware (electric lamp), 10 cases hurricane lanterns, 27 cases bentwood furniture, 10 cases exercise books, 2 cases glass bangles, 1 case liqueur cabinet, 2 cases garters (cotton and India Rubber fabric).

19 cases cotton goods, such as 1 case tarpaulin.

3 cases prints, 2 cases collar and sleeve cuff, 1 case bed sheets, and napkins, 12 cases cotton trouserings, 14 cases undershirts, combination girl's dresses, pants, etc., 20 bales woollen and cotton blankets, 10 cases Turkey red yarn.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th August, 1917.

SALE BY AUCTION

GANDHI & CO

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 32, Medows Street, Fort.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT PAREL, WITHOUT THE FORT.

Under instructions from Abdulla Abdulrehman, the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of Shaik Hoosen Shaik Haji Haider, Shaik Isub Shaik Husen and Shaik Amad Shaik Husen (the first named Shaik Husen Shaik Haji Haider is since deceased and his heirs and legal representatives are his widows Bibibai and Khatijabai and Shaik Isub Shaik Husen and Shaik Amad Shaik Husen) mortgagors, Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, pursuant to the power of sale, reserved to and vested in the said mortgagee by an indenture of mortgage, dated 6th day of May, 1916, made between the said mortgagors of the one part and the mortgagee of the other part, the undermentioned property, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 29th August, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Government Toka land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Parel village, outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 183 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 37, New No. 14167 and New Survey No. 41 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 2887, Street No. 1361 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Shapurji Dadabhai, on or towards the West by the property of Government House, on or towards the North by the property of Shapurji Dadabhai and on or towards the South by the property of Babo Saheb.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 500 BAGS COCOANUT KERNEL.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 30th August, 1917, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Sheth Hasam Haji Oosman and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser, Thaker Jeram Virji at Chinch Bunder at the godown of Thaker Shivji Gordhan.

500 bags Cocoanut Kernel of Colombo.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

IMPORTANT TO MILLOWNERS, MILL, GIN STORE SUPPLIERS, CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS, ETC.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 5 TONS ENGLISH BICHROMATE OF SODA.

On SATURDAY, the 1st September, 1917, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, by order of the office concerned.

About 5 tons Bichromate of Soda, English, 16 casks, each of about 6 cwts., per invoice.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th August, 1917.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1917 AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF ITALIAN WHITE AND COLOURED MARBLE STATUES, BUSTS, PEDESTALS HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, LARGE VENETIAN MIRRORS, IRON SAFES, CHANDELIERS ETC.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by public auction TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 30th day of August, 1917, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the shop next to National Bank and opposite the Currency Office Esplanade Road, Fort (where the kit has been removed for the convenience of sale) by order of the concerned a large consignment comprising Venice, Italian white and coloured marble statues, busts, animal models by well-known artists, marble electric table and hall lamps, pedestals, garden flower pots, etc.

As also handsome household furniture etc., of a Military Officer and others comprising dining table, chairs, handsome sideboard, cabinets, marble top tables, bedstead, mirror door almirahs, panel door cupboard, tapestry lined drawing room suites, easy chairs, hall chandeliers, large Venetian mirrors, iron sofas, etc. etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th August 1917.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted," "To Be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 3 annas per insertion; every additional word ½ anna.

Advertisements are not received after 3 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line, or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Re. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

	Daily. Rs.	Sunday. Rs.
Local	30	5 per annum.
Up-country	35	6 per annum.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

DON'T CONDEMN YOUR TYPEWRITERS—We undertake all sorts of most intricate repair works and execute them in a quite substantial and up-to-date manner at very reasonable charges. Typewriters cleaned, Typewriters overhauled, Typewriters adjusted, Typewriters repaired at lowest charges. Every repair guaranteed. Estimates free. A Rev. Gent. writes "If anyone desires a Typewriter repaired promptly and with care, I am sure he can go to no better place in Bombay than to your Firm."

We repair all makes of Typewriters.

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co.,
36, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tele: "Writertype."

LEPROSY of ten years standing. Lencoderma and patches of any duration arising from vitiated blood cured radically and permanently in four weeks. Rs. 7/8 per week. Three days treatment sent free for trial. THE EASTERN MEDICINE STORE, 77, Durga Ch., Mitter Street, Calcutta. 895

BEST INDIAN MADE LOCKS of the Pioneer Lock Works to be had only from the Sole Agents R. H. PATUCK Co. Note new address: 265, Hornby Road, Bombay. 725

ROCCELLA WEED YIELDING PURPLE DYE.—The undersigned can supply Roccella weed yielding rich purple dye for cotton or wool upto 200 cwts. Offers invited. Apply to K. N. DESAI, Savantvadi. 9502

REAL AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD CHAIRS can be had at moderate rate from B. D. BILLIMORIA, Cabinet maker, BARBHAYA MOHALLA, Bibijan Street, Bombay. 9271

NO HEAVY BUNCH OF KEYS.—To meet increasing demand, we stock sets of 6 and 12 padlocks of very superior make, each set having only 2 keys to fit all the locks in that set. Quotations and sizes on application to R. H. PATUCK & Co., 265, Hornby Road, Bombay.

FRUITS.

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES—9 lbs. nett for Rs. 3/8, all charges included, by V.P. parcel post, Apply to CAPTAIN MANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Panjab. 9158

MOTOR VEHICLES.

WANTED—MOTOR TYRES and TUBES for cheapest, prompt and reliable vulcanising at as. 8 and 4 per inch respectively. Cars on hire and for sale. PATENT PNEUMATIC BLOCKS TYRES and MOTOR TRANSPORT CO., LTD., Hughes Road, Chaupatty, Bombay. A.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—A RESIDENT NURSE or LADY COMPANION. Good salary Apply to Box. No. 130 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9534.

WANTED—An experienced TYPIST for a solicitor's firm. Apply stating salary required to Box No. 129, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle". 9528

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—HINDU GUJARATI GRADUATES to go to Japan. Apply to Box No. 124, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9513

WANTED—A DOCTOR, L. M. & S., urgent for Mangrol (Kathiawar), Shrimali Vanick Dispensary. Apply to the SECRETARIES, 57, Fort Street, Fort, Bombay. 9515

WANTED.—An EDUCATED JAIN for the Post of SECRETARY to a Jain Leader. A Pensioner or an enthusiastic man preferred. Apply stating qualifications, terms age and other particulars to Box No. 127 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9526

WANTED—GOVERNESS, having good experience for nursing children required staying day and night. Pay Rs. 40 to Rs. 50 per mensem with food. Apply with certificates to Box No. 126, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9525

WANTED.—A RESIDENT SUPERINTENDENT for a Boarding House in Bombay. A Theosophist with organizing powers preferred. Apply with terms, age and qualifications to Box No. 128 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9527

WANTED.—An EXPERIENCED STEWARD with GOOD CERTIFICATES to attend the dining table. Apply MANAGER, GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, Bombay. 9463

WANTED—An experienced HINDOO MECHANICAL ENGINEER for a Ginning Factory at Hingoli, Nizam State. Apply personally to Messrs. MAMRAJ RAMBHAGAT Marwari Bazar. 9484

WANTED—A CERTIFIED MIDWIFE and NURSE (Indian or Eurasian) for Mombassa B. E. Africa. Apply in person to Messrs. CASSAM KARMALLY & Co., 204, Khoja Mohla, Mandvi, from 9 to 12 a.m. 9500

WANTED by an established Import firm SALESMEN for Mill stores, chemicals and Colours. Only those acquainted with the trade and having good influence with the dealers need apply. Good salaries and commission to competent men. Apply with copies of testimonials and terms to Box No. 110, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9447

WANTED.—A PROFESSOR of MATHEMATICS for the Sanatan Dharam College Lahore; competent to teach upto M. A. Standard. Salary Rs. 200 rising to Rs. 350 A higher salary might be given to on with a brilliant record. Apply with testimonials stating qualifications, age, previous experience and religious views, etc., to LALA GOPAL CHAND, B.A., LL.B., Pleader, Lahore, Honorary Secretary. 9452

WANTED

WANTED—LARGE BUSINESS PREMISES by an old established European firm, in or near Fort. Apply at once to Box No. 125, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9519

WANTED—AGENTS for Phinael, Sealing wax, Black Japan, etc. Write G. V. MEHTA & Co., Shanghvi Sadan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 930

WANTED—HYDRAULIC PUMPING ENGINES by Nasmyth and Boilers 30' by 7' by 125. Write or see personally COLABA PRESS Co's OFFICE 65, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. 9535

WANTED—The READERS of this Paper to read our advertisement on the leader page. K. C. MARROTT, 189/191, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 9379

AN ITALIAN DIPLOMATIST wishes to give upto date Academical Scientific training in Fine Arts. Also tuition in the Italian Language. Apply to Box No. 84, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9329

WANTED—AGENTS for the new Indian Manufacturing Co. for Black Japan and Phenyle. N. MOOLJI & Co., Sandhurst Road, Bhimji Poonjee Building, Dongree Post No. 9. 9150

WANTED.—One compound condensing or non-condensing ENGINE to drive 60 Gins and one Lancashire Boiler 30' x 7' of 150 lbs. pressure new or second hand. Apply to SHRI LAKHAJI RAJ GINNING and PRESSING FACTORY, Rajkote. 9524

WANTED—STUDENTS desirous of joining Colleges to see PRINCIPAL, EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL for Matric and Senior Cambridge, conducted under Educational Experts at Convenient times at 259/261, Hornby Road., opposite Messrs. Cox and Co., FRESH NAMES enrolled for Matric and Cambridge, (July & Dec.) 1918. 815.

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE OF "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 6, Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

WANTED.—A HYDRAULIC COTTON BALING PRESS for mofussil, with a Finisher and Engine complete, must be quite in working condition. Strong and reliable. Apply immediately with particulars to Box No. 112, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9459

FOR SALE

PREMIER CYCLE by Appointment H. M. The King; a small shipment just received. Roadster cycles complete at Rs. 200. WILLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—Smart U. H. L. GOLD ART STEEL COMBINATION ROLL TOP Brief and Foolscap size TYPEWRITER TABLES and CABINETS by Toledo Metal Furniture Co., of America, at MEHTA AUCTIONEER'S ROOMS, 53, Medows Street, Fort. 977

FOR SALE—WATERPROOF OVER COATS from Rs. 4-8 to Rs. 6-8 each and Gents best English made New Boots and Shoes from Rs. 5-8 to Rs. 8-8 each at K. C. MARROTT, Largest Importer and Contractor of Secondhand Clothings, 189/191, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 9378

FOR SALE.—On the MAHIM FORE SHORE abutting on the WESTERN AVENUE, a large piece of land, measuring 31,902 square yards having a Sea Frontage of 1,040 feet eminently suitable for fine Seaside residences or big Industrial concern. For particulars apply Messrs. CAPTAIN and VAIDYA, Solicitors, 121, Esplanade Road. 9442

FOR SALE.—ENGLISH Fire Bricks, Boiler Accessories, one Water Heater, 3½ft. by 6ft., one Wrought Iron Tank, length 45½ft., width 13ft. and depth 4 ft., 4 Wrought Iron Stair cases with platform, railing etc. 16ft. long, 4 ft. broad, steps 1 ft. wide and 7 inches high. Apply MEGHJI VALABHDASS, 222, Musjid Bunder Road. 9405.

FOR SALE.—One improved EAST INDIAN WOOL BURRING MACHINE, 48" wide filled with burring roller guard, etc., with automatic feed almost new by P. & C. Garnett, Ltd., Delivery RAJKOT. And one LANCASHIRE BOILER, 24' x 6' of 45 lbs. pressure at Bagasra (Kathiawar.) Apply to SHRI LAKHAJI. RAJ GINNING and PRESSING FACTORY, RAJKOTE. 9523

TO BE LET.

TO LET—At No. 2, Medow's Street, opposite "Bombay Chronicle," 2 rooms and Bath room. Rent Rs. 30. Apply 3RD FLOOR. 9538

TO LET—One HANDSOME BUNGALOW, "SEA-VIEW," with Electric Lights, at Warden Road, opposite Battery. Apply to Mr. MATHURADAS MUNJE, Jaziwalla Mansion, Hughes Road, Bombay. 9537

TO LET—New flats 80, Lamington Road, from 1st September next. Apply KHAN BAHADUR HORMUSJI MANECKJI BHIWANDIWALLA, Cheera Bazar. 9374

TO LET—TOP FLOOR at Apollo Bunder with E. and F. Rent Rs. 100. To Let ground floor Apollo Bunger, suitable for shop or a bachelor with sanitary and E. and F. equipments. Rent Rs. 75. Write to Box No. 104, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9410

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "MALAY MARU" having arrived, the Consignees of her Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days after the cargo has been discharged. Captain Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's appointed surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No bag cargo in single gunny will be surveyed. The Bills for Claims are to be sent to this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha, Bombay.
Bombay, 28th August, 1917.

COTTON FIRES AT COLABA, 1917.

REWARD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Bombay Fire Insurance Association, believing that the fires at Colaba are due to incendiarism, offer a reward of Rs. 15,000 to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the guilty person or persons concerned.

By order of the Committee,

A. F. FERGUSON & Co.,
Secretaries.
Bombay Fire Insurance Association.
7000

NOTICE.

WANTED—SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS on a consolidated pay of Rs. 45 a month for temporary Civil duty in this Presidency only. Applicants must be registered under the Bombay Medical Act VI of 1912. Apply, stating qualifications, to

H. E. STANGER-LEATHES,
Major, I.M.S.,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay
Poona, 22nd August, 1917. 9439

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE NEW CITY OF BOMBAY MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 42-48, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of September, 1917, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time), when Resolutions accepting the resignation of Messrs. Bradbury & Co., of their Office of Agents of the Company and appointing W. H. Brady & Co., Ltd., as Agents of the Company in their place and for making such consequential alterations in the Articles of Association of the Company as may be required under the circumstances will be proposed as Extraordinary Resolutions, and if passed by the requisite majority, the same will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting.

The Resolutions to be proposed at the Meeting have been forwarded to the Shareholders with the notice convening the Meeting and the Draft of the Agreement proposed to be entered into between the Company and W. H. Brady & Company, Limited, and the letters in connection with this matter addressed to the Directors of the Company by Messrs. Bradbury & Company and W. H. Brady and Company, Limited, respectively, are open to inspection by any Member of the Company, at the Registered Office of the Company, between the hours of 11-30 a.m. and 4 p.m. on any day before the day fixed for the Meeting other than Sundays and holidays.

Dated this 21st day of August, 1917.

By Order of the Board,
BRADBURY & CO.,
Agents.
Registered Office,
42-48, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. 9529

THE NEW GREAT EASTERN SPINNING & WEAVING CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 42-48, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of September, 1917, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time), when Resolutions accepting the resignation of Messrs. Bradbury & Co., Ltd., as Secretaries and Agents of the Company and appointing W. H. Brady & Co., Ltd., as Secretaries and Agents of the Company in their place and for making such consequential alterations in the Articles of Association of the Company as may be required under the circumstances will be proposed as Extraordinary Resolutions, and if passed by the requisite majority, the same will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting.

The Resolutions to be proposed at the Meeting have been forwarded to the Shareholders with the notice convening the Meeting and the Draft of the Agreement proposed to be entered into between the Company and W. H. Brady & Company, Limited, and the letters in connection with this matter addressed to the Directors of the Company by Messrs. Bradbury & Company and W. H. Brady and Company, Limited, respectively, are open to inspection by any Member of the Company, at the Registered Office of the Company, between the hours of 11-30 a.m. and 4 p.m. on any day before the day fixed for the Meeting other than Sundays and holidays.

Dated the 21st day of August, 1917.

By Order of the Board,
BRADBURY & CO.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Registered Office,
42-48, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. 9530

GWALIOR STATE WORKSHOPS.

SALE OF COPPER SCRAP.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of COPPER SCRAP collected from pure Copper Sheets used for Copper Coins, of which some tons are offered for sale.

Tenders will be received for the whole or part of the Copper Scrap up to 15th September 1917.

Intending purchasers desiring to have sample of the Copper Scrap will be supplied with the same on receipt of a remittance of Rupee one.

The Copper Scrap will be delivered F. O. R. Gwalior (G. I. P. Railway.)

The Manager does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

B. B. PAGNIS, L. A. A.,
Manager, State Workshops,
Gwalior.
Dated 17th August, 1917. 9424

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of FAKIRMAHOMED SACHEDINA, late of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant, a merchant .....Deceased.

SAKINABAI, widow of the abovenamed deceased of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at Israel Mohalla, in the Town and Island of Bombay .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-first day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and in the eighth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Ag. Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
The 21st day of August, 1917.
Messrs. MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
9531 Petitioner's Attorneys.

PUBLIC NOTICES

CITY OF BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

DADAR-MATUNGA ESTATE.

THE Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay are prepared to consider applications for the reservation for particular communities of compact blocks of land between the King's Circle and Matunga Station. Plans of the area may be seen on application at the Board's Offices, Esplanade Road.

R. H. A. DELVES,
9267 Dy. Land Manager.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RAJABALLI MULLA MIYAJI, of Bombay Bora Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. All persons having any claim on or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, bequest, gift, sale, mortgage, lease lien, or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with the messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate at KUMBHARWADA, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 166 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1939, New No. 3076, Old Survey No. 327, and New Survey No. 5806 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 7659 and Streets Nos. 150-154 and bounded on the East by the Kumbharwada Street, on the West by the Sweepers' Passage on the North by the property of Bai Halimabai widow of Memon Ebrahim Haji Salle Mahomed and on the South by the property of Narsey Virjee Satwara.

Dated this 28th day of August, 1917.

KHANDVALA & CO.,
9536 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HIRALAL KARSANDAS and Bai VIJYALUXMI, wife of the said Mr. HIRALAL KARSANDAS, both of Bombay Hindu inhabitants have contracted to sell the property hereinafter described. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 375, Hornby Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land partly of Pension and Tax tenure and partly Freehold, containing by admeasurement 3,437 square yds. or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 34, 727, 728-34, New Nos. 3532 and 3535, 4670, 4674, Old Survey Nos. 361, 361, 161 and 361 and New Survey Nos. 2-3/1441 and 1/1440 together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon assesed by the Municipality of Bombay under G Ward Nos. 4291, 4250 (1), 4250 (2), 4251, 4274 (1), 4274 (2), 4238, 4276, 4292 and 4293 Street Nos. 651, 611, 611A, 612, 614, 635A, 637, 652, 653 and 635, all of which premises are situate at and on the southern side of Hansali Tank Road, or Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, at Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on the East partly by the property of Gangadas Keshavdas Mehta and partly by the property of Ram Gopal Patil on the West partly by the property of Jao Miranda and partly by the property belonging to the Church of N. S. De Salvacao on the North by the said Hansali Tank Road and on the South by the property of Kashinath Baba Moray Nana Haldankar and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Vendors and their tenants.

SHROFF & DINSHA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Dated this 24th day of August, 1917.
9495

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of Bai BACHOO alias TULSI, daughter of MEGHJI JIVRAJ, late of Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, a spinster, and a minor .....Deceased.

CURSONDAS JIVRAJ, of Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, a dealer in Tobacco, residing at Sandhurst Road, without the Fort of Bombay .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-first day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventeen and in the eighth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Ag. Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
The 21st day of August, 1917.
Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
9533 Petitioner's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICE:

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted with Bai RATANBAI JAMSETJI MASTER for the purchase of the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim on or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, inheritance charge, possession, maintenance or otherwise howsoever should make the same known in writing to us at our office at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim which shall then be considered to have been waived and regarded as null and void.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying and being at Khotwady Main Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (365) three hundred and sixty-five square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue with other land under Old No. 2127, New No. 9227, Old Survey No. 842 and New Survey No. 7383 and bounded as follow:—That is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property of Rustamji Fakirji Damania and partly by that of Piroshaw Pestonji Mistri, on or towards the West by the property of Pirraji Malooji Borekar, known as Plot D, on or towards the North by the property of Byramji Pallonji Ellavia and known as Plot A, and on or towards the South by Khotwady Main Road, which said premises were formerly assessed by the Colector of Municipal Rates and Taxes with other property under D Ward No. 1897 (1), Street No. 2 and now assessed under D Ward No. 1897 (5), Street No. 2D, and known as plot C.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1917.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
9537 Purchaser's Attorneys.

SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & CO.
NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF WOOL DAMAGED BY WATER.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at "A Shed" Princes Dock, by order of Messrs. Haji Sultanali Shusatary & Co., and on account and risk of the Concerned:—

EX. S. S. "ANYO MARU."

3 Boras of wool damaged by water.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE IRON SAFE.

Under instruction from the liquidator of the Sun Mills Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on SATURDAY, the 1st proximo, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.) sell by public auction, at their rooms:—

One large iron safe by Godrej with stand.

The above is now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 1st proximo at 3-30 p. m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by public auction, at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second hand rubber tyred palanquine office Shigram.

1 secondhand glass fronted miniature office Brougham.

1 second hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.

1 bay country bred, quiet in harness.

AUCTION SALE OF GINNING FACTORY.

On FRIDAY the 7th September at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms to close partnership account, the following ginning factory situate at Betawad about 10 minutes' drive from the Agunda Railway Station.

The Factory contains 32 platt Brother's, 5 bearing 1¼ inch shafting gins, compound engine by Ruston Proctor, rope gearing 10 by 17 by 20, 1 Lancashire Boiler by Tinker Sheraton 24 by 6½ by 125 lbs. pressure, Shafting pulleys, gearing, etc., 1 Donkey pump by John Cameron 3½in. ram diameter hand fire pump, 2 boxes, dye tapes of bolts and gas thread.

The factory building is 112 by 30ft. bungalow building 45 by 29ft. one office building and about 9 outhouses. The land about 6 acres and 2 gunthas and the ground rent and excess tax payable to Government is Rs. 31-10 per annum. Large crop of cotton is produced at Betawad where the factory is situated.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the undersigned.

SALE ON FRIDAY, the 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1917 AT 2-30 P.M., (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VERY RARE GOLD, SILVER AND COPPER COINS AND A COLLECTION OF OLD CHINAWARE.

Property of Late Mr. Amiroodin Tyebji.

On FRIDAY, the 7th day of September, 1917 at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to sell by public auction, in the shop next to the National Bank of India Ltd., and opposite the Currency Office, Fort, (where the things have been removed for sale). A large collection of valuable and rare gold, silver and copper coins, such as Old English French, German, Austrian Brazalian, Persian Indian, Egyptian, Turkish, and Chinese, large and small coins, also very old and rare China jars, vases wall plates, kettles, cups and saucers, and bowls etc., also rich Satsuma vases, plates and tea sets, one marble clock by Lund and Blockley one pair richly carved black wood pier tables etc., etc. The property of the late Mr. Amiroodin Tyebji.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.,
Bombay, 29th Aug. 1917.

NOTICE?

AN ENTERPRISING NEW INDUSTRY IN BOMBAY?

An UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY for Building-contractors, Dealers, Engineers, Mill, Marine and Military-stores Suppliers; Municipal, Public-Works and Railway Authorities to know that:—

THE INDIAN WHITE PAINT MANUFACTURING CO.

11, Love Lane, Byculla, BOMBAY.

Manufacture in their most up-to-date Electrically-equipped Factory WHITE ZINC, WHITE LEAD, ORDINARY WHITE PAINT, CHOCOLATE PAINT and other Paints (Moist Paste, and Ready-mixed Liquid) Enamel Paints GENUINE DOUBLE BOILED LINSEED OIL, Varnish, Black-Japan, Whiting, Putty etc. Large stocks kept, or manufactured to order.

QUALITY TESTED AND PROVED BEST, PRICES COMPETITIVE??

A TRIAL ORDER WILL CONVINCE???

Use our "EXCELLO" ready-mixed WHITE ZINC and other Liquid Paints, manufactured specially suitable for India.

Telegrams: WHITEPAINT
Telephone:—3953.

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SALE BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD & CO'S SALES.

TO-DAY AT 4-30 P.M.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT SAMUEL STREET.

HIGH COURT O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 815 of 1915.

Valibai ..... Plaintiff

vs.

Lakhmidas Bhanji and ors ..... Defendants.

Under instructions from Messrs. Lakhmidas Bhanji and others, the surviving executors of the Will of Hansraj Gangji, deceased, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY WEDNESDAY the 29th day of August, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on premises, the following valuable landed property.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Quit and Ground Rent Tenure together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Samuel Street (formerly known as Bhandarwada Street) in the City of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 71 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the North by the property formerly of Dharamsi Jeewa and now of Bai Monghibai, widow of Ranchhordas Haridas, on the East by the property formerly of Manuel De Souza but now of the said Bai Monghibai, widow of Ranchhordas Haridas, on the South and West by the said Samuel Street and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 569, New No. 6132, Old Survey No. 1043 and New Survey No. 2543; which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "B"-Ward No. 1568 and Street Nos. 1-7, Samuel Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the said Surviving Executors, at their office No. 23, Churchgate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th August, 1917.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE.

HOWITT-PHILLIPS
CO'S SEASON

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30

The great Alaskan Play.

"TIGER'S CUB."

A strong story of raw life, teeming with the most exciting incidents imaginable. A thrilling play from start to finish, from the Garric Theatre, London.

TO-MORROW NIGHT.

Stanley Houghton's Lancashire Play:
"THE YOUNGER GENERATION"

FRIDAY NIGHT

W. J. Lock's Charming Play:
"THE MORALS OF MARCUS"

SATURDAY NIGHT

The great American Play:
"THE BOOMERANG"

Prices: Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 & Ans. 8.
Boxes Rs. 15 to 45.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON
FIRST MATINEE
OF THE SEASON
"THE STORY OF THE ROSARY"

Matinee Prices: Rs. 3, Rs. 1-8, Re. 1, and annas 8. Boxes from Rs. 12 and upwards.

Booking at Rose & Co., from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. week days; Saturday till 1 p.m.

EVERY EVENING AT 6-45
SPLENDID PICTURE BILL.
"ASHES"
"A WIFE'S FOLLY"
"WHY, UNCLE"
PATHE GAZETTE.

AND A MUSICAL TREAT BY THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices: Re. 1-8, Re. 1. Ans. 8 & 4, Box seats Rs. 2.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

6-30 TO-NIGHT 10
GAIETY THEATRE EDWARDES.
LAST PERFORMANCE!
LAST PERFORMANCE!!
of the

SCARLET DANDIES

In their Successful
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
Produced by CHAS. WEATHERLY
Pronounced as
A CAPITAL ENTERTAINMENT
From Start to Finish.

8 TALENTED ARTISTS 8
ALL NEW CHORUSES
UP-TO-DATE SONGS
SMART COSTUMES
ELEGANT DANCES
FULL OF FUN AND FROLIC.
A Combination of
MUSIC—MIRTH—MERRIMENT

TO-MORROW THURSDAY
MONSTER GALA NIGHT
WATCH FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

BOMBAY'S LEADING THEATRE.

The Operatic Event of 1917.
EVERY EVENING AT 9-30.

MAURICE E. BANDMAN
presents the
BANDMAN OPERA CO.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCES
TO-NIGHT at 9-30
HIGH JINKS

THURSDAY 30th
THE WALTZ DREAM

FRIDAY 31st
THEODORE & CO.

SATURDAY 1ST.
THE MERRY WIDOW

SUNDAY 2ND
FAREWELL PERFORMANCE ANNOUNCED LATER.

NEXT MONDAY 3rd SEPT.
WOLSELEY CHARLES FAMOUS COMPANY
THE "SCAMPS"

PRICES AS USUAL.
Plan at ROSE & Co.
from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. daily.
Saturday from 10 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.
Patrons are informed that seats booked provisionally can only be kept for a few hours.

ELDORADO

ITALIAN CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD (North)
TO-NIGHT
PROGRAMME
1 PATHE'S LATEST GAZETTE
2, 3, 4, 5 } THE PURPLE MASK
6 THE PERILS OF THE SECRET SERVICE
7 2ND ADVENTURE COMPLETE
8 COMIC CORTOONS
SATURDAY, SUNDAY } *TIME* 5 p.m. PRIZE SHOW
6-45 8-30 10-15 p. m.

STILL GOING BIG

You can do what thousands of other picture-goers have done, and are doing.

START SEEING THIS SERIAL TO-DAY

Each episode is a complete mystery story in itself and does not spoil the trend of the story if you miss an episode.

THE PURPLE MASK
THE PURPLE MASK

Episodes 9 and 10
Thrice nightly:—7-15, 9, & 10-45.
USUAL HALF RATES

NEW ALEXANDRA

NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.

NEW ALAHMBRA

CINEMA.
NEW SANDHURST ROAD.
Telephone No. 2417

Second Grand Instalment of 12,000 Feet of

LIBERTY

OR

LOVE'S BATTLEFIELD

60 Thousand feet Long Serial.
MARIE WALCAMP and EDDIE POLO
will Exhibit Most Astounding FEATS.
PRICES HALF ONLY
SAT. & SUN. PRIZE MATINEES
At 3-30 and 5-15 and Every Night at 7-0, 9-0 and 11-0 (S.T.).

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPIRE

Bombay's Picture Theatre Par Excellence.
To-day at 6-30, 8-30, 10 p.m.

THIS WEEK A MAGNIFICENT BROADWAY STAR FEATURE

"Mr. Barnes of New York"

A comedy drama in 4 acts adapted from the well-known play and novel by Archibald Clavering Gunter.

PHOTOGRAPHED AND PRODUCED BY THE VITAGRAPH CO., LD.

"Mr. Barnes of New York." The book and the play by Archibald Clavering Gunter made a decided sensation when produced in the 80's and the photoplay has scored an even greater success because many scenes in the book which cannot be produced on the stage lend themselves admirably to Motion Picture Photography.

"Mr. Barnes of New York." The cast presented in this great story of a Vendetta is an ideal one headed by the famous screen artist.

Mr. Maurice Costello who in the star role of **Mr. Barnes of New York** sustains the reputation he has justly achieved as an International Photo-Drama Artist. In addition LUKE RANK IMPERSONATOR:—**PATHE'S GAZETTE.**

IMPERIAL

THE PREMIER PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY.
LAMINGTON ROAD.
7, 8-45 AND 10-30 P.M. NIGHTLY.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY & SUNDAY. 5 P.M.
TO-NIGHT.
PATHE'S GREAT SERIAL
"PEARL OF THE ARMY"
"PEARL OF THE ARMY"
FEATURING PEARL WHITE.
A MILITARY PHOTOPLAY UNMASKING AMERICA'S SECRET FOES.
ALSO
PATHE GAZETTE
Latest
"LUKE'S LOST LIBERTY"
Comic
"UNCOMMON INSECTS"
Scientific.
"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW"

Thousands have admired and appreciated the really grand and unique drama:

THE CRIMSON TRIANGLE
THE CRIMSON TRIANGLE

(In 4 parts—5000 feet.)

It is full of thrilling and soul-stirring incidents. Positively see it AT THE

WEST END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNY ROAD)
Ladies admitted at half rates in First Class, *i.e.*, for annas FOUR only up to Friday.
FOUR SHOWS daily at 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15 P.M. (S.T.)

UNIVERSAL PROGRAMMES

UNIVERSAL MOVING PICTURES

CONSISTING OF

BLUE BIRD AND RED FEATHER FEATURES
GOLD SEAL AND BISON DRAMAS
NESTOR, JOKER & L.K.O. COMEDIES.
"POWERS" interesting subjects
Animated UNIVERSAL WEEKLY and the latest NOVELTY
UNIVERSAL SCREEN MAGAZINE
positively prove popular and profitable
ONCE TRIED. ALWAYS PATRONIZED.

Universal Film. Mfg, Company,
Heera House, Sandhurst Road,
BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR PICTURES!

EVERY EVENING AT 6-30
Pathe Presents
"THE DUNGEON OF DESPAIR"
A Thrilling 3 Act Drama.
OFFICIAL WAR FILMS.
MAX LINDER.
Over the Phone.

"THE GREAT SECRET"

the serial with the spirit of Dumas, Gaboriau and Victor Hugo breathing in characters of modern times, living in the greatest city of America

HAS FOUND HUNDREDS OF ADMIRERS

are YOU one of them?

OLYMPIA

SANDHURST ROAD (West.)

N. B.—Full synopsis free for the asking on the premises.

THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 28.

The monsoon strengthened again in Northern India. Rainfall has been nearly general in Bihar and Orissa, Gujarat, Central India, Central Provinces, excluding Berar, and west coast of the Peninsula; and local in Burma, Assam, Bengal, United Provinces, Rajputana, Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, and North Madras Coast. The chief amounts are:—Victoria Point and Mergui two inches, Lashio one and a half, Bhamo and Myitkyina one, Tezpur three, Darjeeling one and a half, Jalpaiguri and Patna four, Gaya two, Gorakhpur one and a half, Mussooree five, Chakrata two, Mainpuri, Kotah, Deesa and Rajkot one, Surat and Ahmedabad one and a half, Seoni one.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain in Bihar and United Provinces.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. at 28th Aug. 17.	Total since 1st June 1917	June 1st to Aug. 28th, 1916	June 1st to Aug. 28th, 1915
	In. Ct	In. Ct	In. Ct.	In. Ct
Colaba [Observatory]	1.69	53.03	65.46	62.40
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0.58	60.14	74.55	65.92
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital]	0.86	59.13	73.33	61.96
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	1.32	61.01	77.09	67.99
Kemp and Co., Cumballa Hill..	..	..	..	..

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 27th Aug. 1917.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.702 Inch.
Temperature of Air	78.2 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.1 ,,
Dew Point	75.4 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.913 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	9.8 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	80.7 ,,
Minimum do.	74.8 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W.
Movement of Wind do. do.	347 Miles.
Fall of Rain	3.21 Inches
Total fall during month	24.78 ,,
Do. do. year	55.58 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 28th Aug.	0.25 ,,

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 28th August 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded in the east Punjab and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature continues in defect at Multan and Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Mainpuri has had 1.00in., Jhansi 0.77in. and Allahabad 0.13in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in east Rajputana and local in west Rajputana; Jodhpur has had 0.65in., Jaipur 0.45in., Kotah 1.21in. and Mount Abu 0.50in. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in east Rajputana; night temperature is in excess in upper Sind, Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Dwarka has had 0.85in., Rajkot 1.02in., Veraval 0.54in., Bhavnagar-Para 2.30in., Surat 1.72in., Ahmedabad 1.35in., Deesa 1.20in., Neemuch 0.18in., and Indore 0.35in. Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in Kathiawar and south Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Saugor has had 0.16in., Hoshangabad and Khandwa 0.27in. each and Nagpur 0.10in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 1.69in., Ratnagiri 1.21in., Mormugao 0.65in., and Karwar 0.62in. Skies are heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been local in the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad; Poona has had 0.46in., Belgaum 0.23in., Nizamabad 0.71in. and Hyderabad 0.18in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect in the Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—An area of low pressure is shown to-day over Central India West and the adjacent parts of Rajputana; it has caused an increase of rainfall in Gujarat. There has been an increase of precipitation in the Central and the United Provinces also. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Konkan, Gujarat, Kathiawar, Central India West and east Rajputana and local in west Rajputana, the United and the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Malabar and on the north Coromandel coast.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and in Kathiawar, Gujarat, Central India West and Rajputana, local rain in the United and the Central Provinces the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad and some showers in the east Punjab and on the Coromandel coast

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a.m. on TUESDAY, the 28th of August, 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade Minimum of past 24 hours.	Rainfall. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	96	86.0	78	0		—0.01
Do. (27th Aug.) ..	93	83.8	86	0		—0.06
Jask	..	..	..	..		..
Muskat	..	..	..	0		—0.17
Do. (27th Aug.) ..	90	79.7	74	..		
PUNJAB—						
Multan	92	81.5	78	12.86		+8.51
Rawalpindi	92	76.4	79	29.33		+11.01
Lahore	88	80.8	82	16.25		+3.96
Hissar	97	79.1	80	0.07	8.38	..
Ambala	94	76.1	80	26.05		+7.44
Delhi	90	80.5	89	18.96		+0.56
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	91	80.2	89	0.08	38.00	+8.48
Mainpuri	91	78.2	89	1.00	17.80	—0.38
Jhansi	89	78.6	89	0.77	31.84	+4.02
Cawnpore	92	81.1	89	..	30.92	+6.19
Allahabad	90	79.7	91	0.13	28.89	—1.03
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	101	86.4	65	..	5.49	+3.31
Karachi	88	78.4	91	..	1.79	—2.6
Ajmer	82	76.6	87	..	30.65	+15.14
Jaipore	86	76.8	84	0.45	29.19	—+1.03
Kotah	92	76.6	91	1.21	25.60	1 1.79
Mount Abu	74	68.2	90	0.50	77.90	+7.97
						$0.21
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA						
WEST—	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bhuj	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dwarka	79	76.7	91	0.85	10.34	—1.78
Veraval	78	76.5	93	0.84	23.18	+7.35
Rajkot	79	71.9	94	1.02	22.06	+0.90
Bhavnagar Para ..	79	77.2	96	2.30	15.94	+0.75
Surat	78	74.5	83	1.72	32.13	—0.39
Ahmedabad	86	76.4	97	1.35	24.84	—0.46
Deesa	92	76.0	93	1.20	34.08	+15.12
Neemuch	84	75.0	95	0.18	39.36	+18.46
Indore	83	72.6	96	0.35	28.33	+0.86
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	86	75.5	89	..	41.61	..
Saugor	85	73.4	89	0.16	39.41	+0.25
Hoshangabad	81	77.8	92	0.27	39.02	+5.58
Khandwa	87	76.4	87	0.27	18.96	+2.80
Akola	88	74.6	90	0.32	17.19	—1.11
Amraoti	87	78.8	94	..	18.51	—4.26
Nagpur	88	74.5	85	0.10	25.72	—6.78
Chanda	86	77.0	86	0.08	34.62	—7.79
Raipur	85	75.9	84	..	45.71	—1.93
						+10.53
KONKAN—						
Bombay	80	75.2	83	1.69	58.96	—8.22
Ratnagiri	82	74.1	92	1.21	73.51	—0.25
Harmugao	83	76.4	94	0.65	68.19	—8.24
Karwar	85	74.1	97	0.62	84..	—3.32
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	83	77.1	94	0.02	2.54	—6.83
Ahmednagar	89	68.7	79	..	10.43	—0.45
Poona	76	69.6	93	0.46	8.87	—6.56
Sholapur	81	70.3	82	0.08	11.41	—2.24
Bijapur	85	70.1	84	..	10.09	+2.25
Belgaum	74	66.2	96	0.23	21.65	—11.37
Aurangabad	81	68.2	85	0.05	18.67	+2.31
Nizamabad (Indur) ..	84	70.7	91	0.71	35.62	+10.91
Hyderabad	83	70.5	93	0.15	10.44	—9.10
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Bangalore	82	76.6	91	0.31	10557	+9.15
Calicut	89	74.4	96	0.01	57.09	—28.53
Cochin	84	73.4	84	0.65	86.73	—6.47
Colombo	86	78.5	81	..	6.84	—7.98
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	86.9	75.2	81	0.30	21.64	+4.61
Bellary	86	73.5	68	..	9.13	+3.28
Cuddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	93	78.9	74	..	15.36	+4.97
Bangalore	81	64.8	85	..	11.61	—0.41
Coimbatore	88	71.2	75	..	2.71	—1.80
Trichinopoly	92	77.5	72	..	10.86	+4.32
Negapatam	92	77.1	88	..	3.60	—2.99

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	HIGH WATER. Depth on Sill.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.	LOW WATER. Depth on Sill.
	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.
Tues.	28	m 7 36	25 3	28	m 0 23	17 11
		7 6a	24 5		2 2a	21 2
Wed.	29	m 8 49	26 3	29	m 1 41	17 4
		8 22a	25 3		2 57a	19 11
Thur	30	m 9 39	27 5	30	m 2 42	16 7
		9 34a	26 6		3 45a	18 6
Fri.	31	m 10 23	28 5	31	m 3 37	15 10
	Sept	10 30a	27 9	Sept	4 29a	17 1
Sat.	1	m 11 5	29 2	1	m 4 29	15 4
		11 24a	28 9		5 10a	15 9
Sun.	2	m 11 46	29 7	2	m 5 16	15 1
		..	..		5 49a	14 10
Mon.	3	m 0 7	29 5	3	m 6 2	15 4
		0 26a	29 3		6 29a	14 4

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Aug.	Sunrise	Sunset.
28 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 23m.	,, 7h. 0m.
29 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 23m.	,, 6h. 59m.
30 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 23m.	,, 6h. 58m.
31 (Friday)	,, 6h. 23m.	,, 6h. 57m.
Sept. 1 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 23m.	,, 6h. 54m.
2 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 23m.	,, 6h. 53m.
3 (Monday)	,, 6h. 24m.	,, 6h. 52m.

Phases of the Moon:—New Moon 1917 August 17d. 11h. 51.0m. p.m.: First quarter: 26d. 0h. 38.2m. a.m. Full Moon September 1d. 5h. 58.5m. p.m.; Last quarter: 8d. 0h. 35mm. p.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 28th August, 1917 was 29.887 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, August, 27th.

			Bales.
Tota lDay's	Sales at Liverpool	.. ..	2,000
,, ,,	Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	.. ..	..
,, ,,	Sales of East Indian	.. ..	100
,, ,,	Imports	.. ..	4,000
Mid. Americans	.. ..	.. ..	18.30
Egyptian F.G.F.	.. ..	.. ..	30.00
New York 11 a.m., (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	.. ..	Oct.	21.75—75
		Jan.	21.85—63
		Mar.	22.05—56

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, August 27th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICHS:—

Prices fixed for to-day.

Months.	To-day's opening price.
Aug.	17.15
Aug.-Sept.	16.82
Sept.-Oct.	16.52
Oct.-Nov.	16.16
Nov.-Dec.	15.70
Dec.-Jan.	15.55
Jan.-Feb.	15.45
Feb.-Mar.	15.36
Mar.-April.	15.27
April-May.	15.19
May-June.	15.11
June-July.	15.03

—60

EGYPTIAN FUTURES.

Liverpool, August 27th.

Prices fixed for to-day.

Months.	To-day's price.
Oct	..23.43
Nov.	..23.65

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, August 27th.

M.G. Bengal Good	..14.75
,, ,, Fully Good	..15.00
,, ,, Fine	..15.25
,, No. 1 Oomra Good	..16.25
,, ,, ,, Fully Good	..16.50
,, ,, Fine	..16.75
,, Broach Good	..17.50
,, ,, Fully Good	..17.77
,, ,, Fine	..17.95

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, August 27th.

Day's	Receipts at all U. S. Ports	14,000
,,	Exports to Great Britain	21,000
,, ,,	to Continent	12,000
Futures at New York Oct.	.. ..	22.00—16
,, ,,	Jan.	22.07—28
,, ,,	Mar.	22.25—27
Spot Cotton at New York	.. ..	23.10—10
,, New Orleans	.. ..	22.50—1.50
Futures at ,,	Oct.	21.26+30
,, ,,	Jan.	21.37+25
Fair Rio Coffee(No. 7 quality)	.. ..	9½
Demand Bills	.. ..	4.75.55
Silver Commercial Bars	.. ..	88½

MONEY MARKET.

London, August 27th.

Bar Silver Spot	45
Closing Tone of Silver:—Firm Buyers.	
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April, 1917	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 13/16
,, ,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	4 3/4
,, ,, Fine Trade Bills' 3 months	5 1/8
,, ,, ,, 6 ,,	5 3/8
Interest day to day loans	4
,, 7 day market loans	4 1/4

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, August 27th.

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta Aug.-Sept. Nominal	595

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec. No sellers	20/6
Fine White Java C. & F Calcutta Oct-Dec. No sellers	22/10½

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Aug. 28.

The nominal quotation for Good Broach April was this morning Rs. 436. Various reports were current in the bazaar that New York closed higher and lower yesterday, but nothing definite was known when the Marwadi bazaar opened, and the rate for Good Broach was then Rs. 438. The price gradually advanced to Rs. 442 owing to some enquiry by speculators covering sales. On Association terms buyers were scarce and business slack, the quotation for Good Broach being Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 over the bazaar rate. Fine Khamgaon Akola was quoted Rs. 417 in the bazaar and Rs. 422 Association terms. At Colaba after receipt of the New York close of yesterday (16 to 28 points higher) the market was steadier and Good Broach closed at Rs. 444½ Exchange terms.

Ready cotton has been quiet with little doing.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

OLD CROP.

Fine M.G. Bengal	.. ..	Sept.	.. 372
Good M.G. Westerns	.. ..	Aug.-Sept.	.. 438
Good H.G. Westerns	.. ..	Aug.-Sept.	.. 423
Good Sawgd Dharwar	.. ..	Augt.-Sept.	.. 474
Good M.G. Coompta	.. ..	Aug.-Sept.	.. 485
Good M. G.	.. ..	Aug.-Sept.	.. 471

NEW CROP.

Good Broach	.. ..	April	.. 444½
Fine Khamgaon Akola	.. ..	January	.. 418
,, Khandeish	.. ..	,,	.. 402
,, Muthia	.. ..	,,	.. 383
,, Bengal	.. ..	,,	.. 354
Fully Good Bengal	.. ..	,,	.. 342

Quotation for NEW CROP are nett, the 5½ per cent: discount having been abolished.

QUOTATIONS 9-30 P.M.

NEW CROP.

Broach good	.. ..	April	.. 440/8
Bengal Fully good	.. ..	Jan.	.. 339

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 28th AUGUST 1917.

Growths.	Super fine	Fine	F.G.	Gd.	F.G.F.	Delivery.
M.G. Bengals	376	366	354			Ready.
H.G. Sind Punjab	376	366	354			,,
M.G. Athni-Miraj "Good Staple"				470		,,
Saw-Ginned Dharwar				467		,,
M.G. Westerns				440	426	,,
H.G. Westerns				430	416	,,
M.G. Compta				483	469	,,
M.G. Kadi Viramgam			500	485		,,
M.G. Dhrangadra			496	481		,,
H.G. Bagalkot				448		,,
M.G. Bijapur				443		,,

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. of 27th August:—

Cotton	2,651 bales
Wheat	3,896 cwts.
Linseed	13,610 ,,
Rape, Rai & Mustardseed etc.	138 ,,
Gingellyseed	134 ,,
Poppyseed	71 ,,
Groundnuts	5,945 ,,
Castorseed	2,551 ,,
Rice	16,674 ,,
Myrabollams	Nil ,,
Cottonseed	283 ,,
Mowrasced	Nil ,,
Gram	2,498 ,,
Jowar	106 ,,
Maize	Nil ,,
Barley	142 ,,

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LTD.
Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange

COLABA, 28th Aug., 1917, at 5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super Fine	Fully Good fine	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M.G)	..	351	339	.. 1/25th Jan. 18
Bengals (M.G.)	373	363	351	.. Ready
	..	371	..	.. Sept.
Seinde-Punjab (M.G.)	372	362	350	.. Ready
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	..	370	340 Ready
	..	403	..	.. 1/25th Jan. 18
Akola Khamg	..	410	385	.. Ready
Karanja (M.G)	..	418	..	.. 1/25th Jan. 18
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	..	430	410	.. Ready
	..	..	..	
Broach (M.G.)	..	430	400	390 Ready
	..	..	..	442 1/25th Apl. 18
Mathia (M.G.)	..	370	350	.. Ready
	..	385	..	.. 1/25th Jan. 18

Growths.	Good	F. G.	F.	
Bhagalkote-Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	440	.. Ready
Sawgd. Dharwar	..	..	472	450 Ready&Sept. 17
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	440	425 Ready
	..	..	437	Sept. 17
Western(H.G.)	..	..	430	415 Ready
Miraj (M.G.)	..	..	483	465 Ready&Sept. 17
	..	..	478	460 Ready

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, August 28th—4 p.m

Ready.	Bazar Terms. Rs. as. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. as. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	.. 42 0 0	6 2 6
,, ,, Cawnpore 70-30	.. 41 8 0	6 2 0
,, Karachi Bangla	.. 40 0 0	6 2 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	.. 6 8 0	6 14 0
,, Cawnpore	.. 6 8 0	6 14 0
,, Yellow Cawnpore	.. 7 5 0	7 11 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	.. 7 9 0	7 15 0
,, ,, Thin	.. 7 4 0	7 10 0
Teelseed, White 85.15	.. 44 0 0	9 4 0
,, Gajar 75.25	.. 43 0 0	9 2 0
,, Black	.. 38 0 0	8 0 0
,, Gajar 50.50	.. 42 0 0	9 0 0
Poppyseed, White	.. 7 6 0	7 12 0
Groundnuts	.. 39 0 0	8 0 0
Mowrasced	.. 3 12 0	4 2 0

Forward.	Rs. as. p.
Wheat April-May	.. 6 8 3
Linseed May	.. 9 1 6
Wheat Sept. Contract	.. 6 2 0
Linseed Sept. Contract	.. 8 0 6

BULLION.

The Silver Market was steady to firm and a good amount of business was put through:—

Bar Gold, Rs. 26-2.
Shield Sovereign, Rs. 17.
Dragon, Rs. 16-2-6.
Silver Ready Ex-duty, Rs. 99.
Silver 1st Sett. Ex-duty, Rs. 99-4.

EXCHANGE.

Is unchanged. It is reported that exchange rates will be altered by the Government shortly:—

Bank Tel. Transfer, 1/4 7/32.
Bank Demand drafts, 1/4 9/32.
3 Months sight Credits, 1/4 19/32.
Bank Demand on France, Fr. 185½.
3 Months' sight Francs, Fr. 192½.
D. D. on Hongkong, Rs. 213½.
D. D. on Shanghai, Rs. 313½.
T. T. on Japan, Rs. 150.
60 days' sight Japan, Rs. 146½.
Bank Demand on New York, Rs. 310½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per War Loan 1929-47 Cum-warrant, Rs. 95.
Warrant, 3 per cent.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, Rs. 86.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan, Rs. 95.
3½ per cent. pieces, Rs. 67.
3½ per cent. Small pieces, Rs. 67.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable 3 months' notice, Rs. 78.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond Long dated, Rs. 75.
Municipal Long dated, Rs. 74.
Municipal Short dated, Rs. 76.
City Improvement Trust 60 Years' Jan-July, Rs. 73½.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa, Rs. 90.
Sanitary, Rs. 93.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay, 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal, 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras 7 per cent.

SHARES.

The share market opened steady and there was a good rise in Tata Deferred shares which declined however at the close due to profit taking. The market for other mill shares was quiet but steady probably on account of the approach of the September settlement. Almost all the weaving companies have declared a very good ad-interim dividend and it is expected that there will be a rise later on in the market.

Standards were placed at prices varying from Rs. 1,797-8 to Rs. 1,790, Fazulbhoys from Rs. 820 to Rs. 800, Madhavjees from Rs. 2,200 to Rs. 2,190, Crescents from Rs. 241-4 to Rs. 235, Currimbhoys from Rs. 347-8, to Rs. 330, Indian Bleechings from Rs. 246-4 to Rs. 237-8, Indore Malwas from Rs. 390 to Rs. 385, Pearls from Rs. 540 to Rs. 515, and Simplex from Rs. 710 to Rs. 705.

Bombay Uniteds declined to Rs. 715, Centurys to Rs. 347-8, Davids to Rs. 540, and Textile to Rs. 1,740.

Tata Iron ordinary shares (Old) were placed between Rs. 285 and Rs. 281-4, and deferreds (Old) between Rs. 1,365 and Rs. 1,330, and New deferreds from Rs. 320 to Rs. 305, and Katni deferreds were placed between Rs. 1,345 and Rs. 1,305.

Bombay-Burmas declined to Rs. 1,005, Bombay Tramways to Rs. 346-4, and Tata Hydros to Rs. 1,165.

BANKS.

Names and Amount paid up.	Face value.	Div. Paid.	Last Div.	Quotations nett to buyers.
INDIAN BANKS.	Rs.			Rs.
Allahabad Bank	10	Jan.-July.	13%	310
Alliance Bank	100	Jan.-Aug.	14%	330
Bk of Baroda Rs. 50	100	Jan.-July.	10%	X D. 95
Bank of Bombay	500		15%	14
Bank of Bengal	500	Jan.-July.	16%	1,475
Bank of India Rs. 50	100	Feb.-July.	7%	72
Bank of Madras	500	do.	12%	1,035
Central Bank Rs. 35	50	..	7%	26
Central Co-op. Bk.	50		8%	50
Standard Bk. { O	100	Jan.-July	Nil.	30
{ P	100	do.	Nil.	36
EXCHANGE BKS.				
Chartered Bank	20	Oct.-April	15%	330
Eastern Bank Ltd. £4	£10	March.	5%	66
MercantileBank { £12½ A	25	..	10%	$23
{ £12½ B	25	....	10%	$20
Hongkong & Shanghai Bk.	$ 125	Feb.-Aug.	33%	£32
National Bank £12½	£25	Sep.-Mar.	16%	600

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advance	500	Apl.-Oct.	40		1,030
Bhimani Cotton Mill	100	..	3		290
Bombay Cotton	500	Nil.	..		375
Bombay Dyeing	250	Mar.-Sep.	35		990
Bombay United	250	..	40		715
Bombay Mill	250	..	..		500
Century	100	Mar.-Sep.	15		347.8
Central India O	500	May-Nov.	90		2,390
Central India P	500	May.-Nov.	5%	X. D.	410
China	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		375
Colaba Land & Mill	700	..	55		1,200
Coorla	1,000	Mar.-Sept	60		805
Crescent	100	do.	12		235
Carrimbhoy	250	Mar.-Sept.	20		330
David	250	do.	15		540
Edward Sassoon	200	May.-Nov.	10		170
Emperor Edward	500	..	25		560
Fazulbhoy	250	Mar.-Sep.	30		800
Framji Petit	1,000	May	40		1,200
Finlay	250	Apl.-Oct.	15		332/8
Gold Mohur	500	..	25		265
Globe	100	..	Nil.		30
Hindustan	1,000	..	50		525
Hyderabad	1,000	do.	50		1,800
Indian Dyeing	100	do.	15		237/8
Indian Manufg.	1,000	..	25		420
Indo-China	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	50		800
Indore Malwa	100	Apl.-Oct.	35		385
Jamshed	250	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.		60
Jehangir Baloo	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		360
Kasturchand	500	Mar.-Sept.	150		1,280
Khandesh	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	50		830
Khatao	1,000	June.-Dec.	100		840
Kohinoor	500	Mar.-Sep.	65	X.D.	817/8
Lakshmi Cotton	1,000	Mar. Aug.	100		1,290
Madhowji Dharamsi	500	Apl.-Sept.	150		2,190
Madras United	1,000	June-Dec.	50		1,600
Maneckji Petit	1,000	Mar-Sept.	60		1,700
Meyer Sassoon	100	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.		86
Morarji Goculdas	1,000	..	60		2,500
Mysore Spinning	250	Feb.-Aug.	8		300
Nawab of Cambay	500	Apl.-Oct.	20	nom.	530
New Great Eastern	200	..	12		210
New City of Bom.	200	Apl.-Oct.	35		810
Pearl	250	..	20		515
Phoenix	100	Mar.-Sept.	14		242/8
Presidency	1,000	Jan.-July	Nil.		200
Sassoon Cotton	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		450
Sassoon Silk	500	April.	20	X. D.	325
Sholapore	1,000	do.	275		5,700
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	..	Nil.		* 122/8
Simplex	250	June-Dec.	50		705
Standard	500	Mar.-Sept.	100		1,700
Swan	250	Oct.	20		357/8
Swadeshi	500	Mar.-Oct.	80		1,680
Tata Mill { O	500	400	..		700
{ P.	500	400	50		320
Textile	500	Mar.-Sept.	70		1,720
Union	1,030	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		200
	500	..	70	nom.	370
Vishnu Cotton { O.	500	..	70		590
Western India { P.	1,000	..	25	X.D.	370

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka	100	Mar.-Aug.	4½%		97
Amritsar Patti	100	do.	4½%	X.D.	112
Ahmedabad Prantij	500	do.	6%	V.P.	515
Ahmedabad Prantij Debenture	500	do.	4½%	Par	500
*Central Provinces	100	Jan.-July.	4%		88
*Dhond—Baramati	100	do.	4½%		25
Guzerat	100	Jan.-June.	4½%		80
Hosiarpur Doab	100	do.	4%		100
Mandra Bhon Rs. 90	100	Apl.-Oct.	5%	X.D.	74
Pachora JamurRs75	100	Jan.-July.	4%		64
Sara Sirajganj	100	May-Nov.	4%		60
Sinkot Narowal	100	Apl.-Oct.	5%		95
*Sind Light	100	July.-Dec.	7%		130
Tapti Valley	500	Mar.-Aug.	7½%		527/8
Upper Sind Light	100	Jan.-July	6%	X.D.	100

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Akbar	750	May.	200		5,700
Albert Kurranchee	1,000	Nov.	40		850
Breul's Cawnpore	200	Aug.	6		195
Bellary Press	275	..	15		100
Broach City	200	Oct.	20		120
Fort	275	Nov.	60		650
Godavery Valley	100	..	6		40
Harvey and Sadapat	500	July.	40		620
Hindustan P.& M.	250	..	..		145
Hingoli	100	Sept.	6		105
Indian Cotton	125	Oct.	10		115
Jumna Ginge& P. Co	1,000	..	7		70
Kurrachee Press	500	Jan.	40		555
Khamgaum	400	Sept.	Nil.		330
Mahidpura Cta.	125	..	7		100
Mahuva	200	Oct.	Nil.		125
Mercantile	125	do.	Nil.		20
Manmar Mfg.	250	Aug.	15		240
New East Indian	1,000	Sept.	80		950
New Mofussil Co.	400	Nov.	50		755
New Berar	500	Oct.	40		460
New Prince of Wales	400	do.	50	X.D.	700
Sind	400	Nov.	Nil.		355
Surat City	200	Oct.	12		170
Vakrat U.P.Co., Ltd.	500	Sept.	30		495
Vardwan, G.P.	150	..	..		100

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown Co.	100	Jan.-May	100		1,030
Ali-India U.Co., Rs20	100	Aug.	Rs. 1		8
Bamankua	5	..	Rs. 2		8
Back Bay Bath	50	..	6	nom.	50
Badham Pile	70	June	3		92
Baroda Tram Co.	100	..	Nil.		45
Brick and Tile	80	..	..		100
Bri. Burma Pt.	5	Mar.-Oct.	5		7/12
Bombay Burma	125	Jan.-Aug.	15d.		1,005
B. E.S. &T. Co. Ltd. O	200	Feb.-Aug.	6%		346/4
P	10	..	10		156
Bombay Ice	40	..	Rs. 2		17
Bombay Flour	500	Jan.-Aug.	120		1'510
Bo. Land & Bldgs.	400	..	25		380
Bombay Steam { O	200	Mar.-Sept.	12		302/8
Navigation { P	200	Feb.-Oct.	6%	X.D.	290
Bundi Cement Co.	10	Nov.-Oct.	..		21/8
Central M.Co., Ltd.	10	April	5/10		50/8
City of Bo. Bldgs Co.	25	Dec.-Jan.	25		350
Delhi Flour	200	Sept.	..		130
Empire Life Rs. 50	500	..	Nil.		325
The Eastern { O.	£1	Nil.	Nil.		16/4
Chemical Co. { D.	200	Nil.	Nil.		30
Indian Cement Co.	200	..	Nil.		332/8
Katai Cement { O	100	..	9		272/8
{ D	40	..	44/12	X.D.	1,310
{ P	100	..	7%		107
Ind. Mercantile In., Co., Ltd., Rs. 20	100	Dec.	8¾%		105
Old 10	100	Dec.-July	7%		80
Kindad Cotton Oil Co. { New					
{ O. Issue	100	Dec.-July.	7%		
{ P. 150	200	March.	7%		218
John Roberts & Co.	100	Oct.-July.	15		200
Jost's Eng., Co., Ltd.	50	Oct.	10%		65
Kemp & Co. Rs. 175	200	July	Rs. 16		180
Karachi Lands Rs. 75	200	..	Nil.		100
Marcks & Co.	100	July	5%		74
Mackenzie Saw Mills	100	..	Rs. 16		220
Marsland Price Co.	100	..	4%	nom.	30
Marsland Price Co. P	100	..	7%		65
O. Govt., S. Life A. Rs. 60.	200	May.	30%		395
Phillips & Co.	40	July	11		87/8
Ports Canning Co.	1'000	Sept.	45		720
Shivrajpur Syndete.	10	..	30%		55/8
Sirdar Carbonic Gas	100	Mar.-Aug.	6	nom.	55
Siddeley IceMfg. Co.,	100	..	9		100
	75	Sept.	2		
Tata Iron Steel {			15%		281-4
Co.	39	Sept.	185%		1,330
Tata Hydro Elec.	150	Mar.-Sept.	6%		149
,, "Hydro" P.	1'000	Jan.	7%	X.D.	1,165
Tata Hydro" Deb. Com. P.S.	1'000	April-Oct.	7%	,,	1,045
Thacker & Co.	5	May.	30%	6% Drems	205
Telephone Co.	50	..	Rs. 6		161

MEDOWS STREET BURGLARIES.

TWO PERSONS CHARGED.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate Khan Bahadur Mahomed Hussain Taki of the C. I. D. charged Mahomed Yusuf and Mahomed Amir, with housebreaking and with theft of watches and other articles worth Rs. 2.633, belonging to Mr. Framroze P. Panthaki of the Commercial Watch Company in Medows Street. Mahomed Yusuf was further charged with theft of a gold wrist-watch, currency notes, etc., valued at Rs. 203 belonging to Sister G. L. Souter; (2) a gold wrist-watch, ear-rings, etc., the property of Mrs. R. E. Honeywood, valued at Rs. 157; (3) a silver watch worth Rs. 35 belonging to Sister B. McKani; (4) and a metal watch belonging to Jackey Fernandez worth Rs. 11.

MORE ARRESTS EXPECTED.

Mr. Taki submitted that he expected to arrest three other accused, who were also connected with the burglary at Marcks & Co. The case was adjourned till the 6th proximo.

TAXI-DRIVER FINED.

AN ACCIDENT ON QUEEN'S ROAD.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate at the Explanade Police Court, Bobby, DeSouza, taxi driver No. 329, was charged by Inspector Chapman with driving his taxi in a rash and negligent manner. The accused was defended by Mr. K. F. Nariman.

The prosecution case was that on Monday afternoon about 12-30 p.m., the accused, who had been engaged by Captain E. E. Holden, R.A.M.C., at the Colaba War Hospital to take him to the Brigade Office on Queen's Road, took a curve at right angles to get into the entrance on the north side of the office, and in doing this he observed a car coming from the opposite direction. The accused allowed the car to pass, but without waiting for a second car, which was behind the first, to pass on, he went towards the gate of the office, the result being that the second car which was a military car came up within a car's length. Private West, who was driving the second car, turned to the left to avoid colliding, but the accused also did the same, and a collision occurred between the cars, which considerably damaged them.

ACCUSED'S PLEA.

It was urged on behalf of the accused that it was merely an accident, and that it was and that there was an error of judgment on both sides.

The Magistrate, in convicting the accused, observed that Private West had tried his best to avoid an accident. The accused was fined Rs. 60 and the conviction was ordered to be endorsed on his license.

THEFT IN BOMBAY TRACT AND BOOK SOCIETY'S OFFICE.

BOTH SERVANTS SENTENCED.

Before the Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court, Sub-Inspector Deshpande charged Ramchandra Sonoo, a servant in the Bombay Tract and Book Society with stealing ink and other things. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and he was sentenced to five months' rigorous imprisonment, as he had two previous convictions.

The accused was then charged with misappropriating postage stamps worth at Rs. 8/9 which he was given to stick to letters. He was sentenced to one week's rigorous imprisonment.

Babu Gopal was then charged for receiving stolen property. He was fined Rs. 20 or in default sentenced to suffer 15 days' rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

CHARGE AGAINST BARMAN OF HOSPITAL SHIP.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate Captain G. J. Goldwell, Commander of a hospitalship, of which the P. & O. Company are the owners, charged W. J. Hayhoe, a barman on board the same ship, with criminal breach of trust in respect of £45. Mr. E. C. B. Acworth appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. P. N. Godinho and Mr. Franklin De Souza defended.

The prosecution case was that a stock was taken of the goods kept by the accused in his charge, which were entered in the barbook, and the sum of £46 was found short, for which the accused could not account satisfactorily. After the Commander's evidence had been taken, it was urged on behalf of the accused that when the purser spoke to the accused about the deficit he promised to make good the amount. The accused's pleader also promised to refund the amount and the case was adjourned in order to enable the parties to come to some settlement.

RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY.

EIGHT PERSONS CONVICTED.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Dere charged (1) P. J. Desouza, (2) G. Desouza, both coachbuilders at Girgaum, (3) Krishna Govind Kandade, (4) Pandurang Vishnu, (5) Mahadeo Bhaguji, (6) Achuta Srikrishna Tambe, (7) Bhagwandas Mulji and (8) Shripat Keshav Lele, all painters, with receiving stolen property—colours and paints—worth Rs. 273, Rs. 82, Rs. 147, Rs. 92, Rs. 79, Rs. 42, Rs. 42, and Rs 21 belonging to Cursondas Premji.

Accused Nos. 1 and 2 were defended by Mr. N. N. Saher, accused No. 3 by Mr. Gadkari, No. 4 by Mr. Mansingh Kursondas and No. 6 by Mr. Bodas.

The prosecution case was that one Mahadev Rama was arrested on suspicion while taking away some tins of colours on the 20th instant at about 9-30 p.m. by P. C. 326C at Fanaswadi. In the course of enquiries it was found that the property belonged to Cursondas Premji and Mahadev who sold it to the different accused, stated that it was given him by one Nundacoomar Raghunath, who was formerly a policeman, but was now serving with the complainant as a watchman.

The accused pleaded guilty and they were all convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fines of Rs. 75, Rs. 50, Rs. 60, Rs. 35, Rs 40, Rs. 30 Rs. 80, and Rs. 20 respectively.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

SUIT ON A PROMISSORY NOTE.

DECREE PASSED.

(Before Justice Beaman).

Memon Rahimtulla Hassain.....Plaintiff.

vs.

Memon Aba Ismail .....Defendant.

This was an action to recover Rs. 2,000 from the defendant as monies lent and advanced to him by the plaintiff on the 15th of March, 1911. The amount was borrowed by the defendant in cash on personal security and at the time the loan was made the defendant passed a writing to the plaintiff to this effect:—"I have borrowed from you Rs. 2,000 in cash on personal security. Interest for the same has been fixed at 1¼ per cent. the same is to be paid every month, and the period for the money is fixed twelve months. This promissory note is written for the same. To be paid whenever the "*dhani*" demands. To be paid in or outside this country." It was signed by the defendant across an anna stamp. The plaintiff alleged that the money was repayable on demand, but through inadvertence he forgot to strike out the words "and the period for the money is fixed twelve months." The defence was that the money was not repayable till after the expiration of 12 months from the date of the transaction and contended that the suit was, therefore, premature.

Mr. J. B. Kanga appeared for the plaintiff. The defendant appeared in person.

Mr. Kanga for the plaintiff contended that the promissory note being for Rs. 2,000 and the amount being payable after 12 months required to be stamped with a stamp of Rs. 2-4, and being improperly stamped the defendant could not put it in evidence at all. It was inadmissible under the Stamp Act. Neither could the defendant prove *aliunde* any terms contained in it, e.g., that it was payable after 12 months, under section 91 of the Evidence Act. The plaintiff's case was not based on the promissory note. The plaintiff sued independently of the note and could sue on the actualy consideration he gave. Section 91 of the Evidence Act did not prevent the plaintiff from proving the loan independently of the note. Section 91 only forbade the proof of any of the terms of the contract. Counsel relied on 24 Bombay 360, in support of his contention. As the defendant admitted the loan the plaintiff ought to get a decree with only six per cent. interest thereon and not 18 per cent. as mentioned in the note.

"AN IMMORAL PROCEEDING."

His Lordship:—It is a very immoral proceeding on the part of your client.

The defendant urged that the plaintiff had been paid Rs. 90 as interest for three months and had signed an acknowledgment to that effect in the defendant's book, which writing also recited the term of 12 months as the period after which the loan was to be repaid. The plaintiff had also been paid Rs. 12 more.

His Lordship:—I am afraid we cannot look into this book having regard to section 91 of the Evidence Act.

His Lordship then passed a decree for Rs. 2,000 less Rs. 72, the amount of interest overpaid by the defendant. With interest on Rs. 2,000 at six per cent. from 16th June till judgment costs and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. till payment.

Attorneys for the plaintiff:—Messrs Mulla and Mulla.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST BY A CLERK.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon Inspector Barnes charged Govind Hansraj with criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 900 belonging to Messrs. Jadavji Moonani and Company. The accused, who was employed with the complainants as a clerk, absconded with the money on January 13, 1913 to Cutch, whence he was brought to Bombay on the 17th instant. The accused was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28.

There was no inquiry for coal shares, demand for these securities having apparently quite dropped off for the present. Jute mill shares monopolised the market during the morning and a large business was done, some sensational rises taking place in Jardine group in the afternoon owing to rumours that exchange had been raised to 1s. 5d. There was a slight setback, and prices dropped a few points, but at the close a recovery set in and the market again ruled steady. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Katras Jherriah 102, 103; Parasea 4-8, 4-12.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 495, 499; Anglo India (ord) 210, 212, 209; Auckland (ord) 302, 305, 292 to 299; Barnagore (ord) 96, 97; Belvedere (ord) 485, 487, 480, 421; Budge Budge (ord) 475, 478, 470; Clive (ord) 185, to 191, 189-8, 187, 188-8, 187, 186-8, 188; Dalhousie (ord) 402 to 415, 402; Empire (ord) 44-8 to 45; Fort Gloster (ord) 590 s.l., 595, 588; Fort William (ord) 197 to 204-8, 198; Gour

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 12th Sud of Adhik Bhadrapad, 1978.
Mahomedan: 10th of Julkat, 1335.
Parsi: 23rd of Aspandad, 1286.
Jewish: 11th of Elul, 5677.
Sunrise: 6h. 22 min. Sunset 7h. 4 min.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Anthropological Society of Bombay, monthly meeting, Town Hall, 6 p.m.,
Home Rule lecture on "The Ideal of Education", Morarji Goculdass Hall, Cavel Street 9-30 p m. (S.T.).

THURSDAY, Aug. 30.

Home Rule lecture, Morarji Goculdass Hall, Cavel Street, 9-30 p.m. (S.T.)
Bombay Native General Library, Annual General Meeting, Khetwadi Main Road, 6-15 p.m.
Mr. Hajee Yoosof Hajee Esmail Sobani's "At Home" to Hon. Sahebzada Aftab Ahmed Khan, Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, Hornby Road, 5-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, Aug. 31.

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m., to-day instead of as previously notified. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

SUNDAY, Sept. 2.

Gandharva Mahavidyalaya, opening Ceremony of New Boarding House, Sandhurst Road, 9 a.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Co., "High Jinks," at 9-30 p.m., Cinema at 5 p.m.
Royal Opera House: 6-45 Cinema, and 9-30 The Howitt-Phillips Company in "Tiger's Cub."
Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: At 6-30 and 10 p.m. every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday Show, every Sunday at 6-30 p.m. at Edwards.
West End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.
Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 9-45 and 10-15 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.
New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-15, 9-0 and 10-45.
Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

POONA RIFLES.

POONA, Aug. 28.

756. Class.—Non-commissioned Officers of "A" Coy. will attend a N. C. O.'s Class at Headquarters on Thursday 30th instant, at 6-30 p.m.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, Captain,
Adjutant, Poona Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Boaner, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Rifles, will play this evening, a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15.

ORNAMENTS MISSING.

One Waman Pandurang, living at Lady Jamshetji Road, Mahim, has complained to the Police the loss of ornaments from his house worth Rs. 1,794 on Monday night from some trunks.

GANDHARVA MAHAVIDYALAYA.

The opening ceremony of the new boarding house of the Vidyalaya will be performed on Sunday the 2nd proximo at 9 a.m., by Shrimant Sardar Babasaheb Ghorpade, Chief of Ichalkaranji.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

An attack of plague was reported on Monday from each of Bhuleshwar and Fanaswadi sections and a death from Chukla. There were no cases of either small-pox or cholera. The total mortality from all causes was 93, as compared with 75 of the corresponding day of 1916 and 82 of 1915.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, at 6 p.m. (S. T.), to-day, when two papers entitled "Notes on some 'Ho Riddles' and "Some Proverbs from the Tangail Sub-division in the District of Mymensigh in Eastern Bengal," by Mr. Sarat Chandra Mitra.

THE LATE MAHAMAHOPADHYAYA SHIVKUMAR SHASTRI.

At a meeting of the Shastris and Sanskrit scholars held in the Sheth Gokuldas Tejpal Sanskrit College on Saturday the 25th instant, resolutions were passed expressing deep sorrow at the death of the late Mahamahopadhyay Shivkumar Shastriji. The President, Shastri Ramapati Misra, was asked to send a letter of condolence to Pandit Vachaspati Mishra, son of the late Shastri Shivkumarji.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

"CAROLINE."

The Howitt-Phillips Company always rise to occasions. Somerset Maugham's "Caroline" seen by a good crowd at the Royal Opera House last night, demanded exceptionally clever acting to bring out its finer points—and secured it.

Here is the plot. Caroline's husband is away in a remote spot; a husband merely in name. She is in love with a man of her own age close at hand, and is also amorously regarded by a young man. News comes that the husband is dead. Caroline is free to marry again. But after so many years neither party wants to wed. Thinking is over, however. Caroline's self-esteem is injured at not being wanted and practically proposed to the younger suitor. But he wants marriage no more than his rival. To achieve a happy ending a doctor tells everybody that the husband is not dead at all. So the men and Caroline ardently resume their old relations. The machinations of two interfering females provides a fine field for the author's knowledge of life.

Miss Gertrude F. Godart and Mr. Howitt shared the stellar roles and did good work. They had to do a vast amount of talking and invested it with humour. Miss Lillian Standridge and Miss Isabel Fladgate were the interfering females to the life. Mr. Percy Baverstock was a very natural doctor and Mr. Dryden acted well as the younger lover.

We are glad to see that "Tiger's Cub" is to be done to-night. It is a play of raw human passions and brutality and is tremendously thrilling.

BOMBAY'S HEAVY RAINS.

HOUSE COLLAPSE AT MATUNGA.

On account of the heavy rains of last week in Bombay a portion of a three-storied house belonging to one Devram Keshowji Mistry at Matunga gave way on Monday, but nobody was injured. The flooring of the same house had subsided in April last, and the matter was notified to the Municipal authorities at the time.

DADABHAI NAOROJI.

MEMORIAL MEETING IN MADRAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Aug. 27.

(Delayed in transmission.)

A well attended meeting of citizens of Madras convened by the Sheriff was held this evening at the Victoria Public Hall, presided over by Sir Subramanya Iyer. A resolution expressing the sense of loss sustained by the country at the passing away of Dr. Dadahai Naoroji was moved by Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao and passed.

Mr. Devadhar moved a resolution advocating the erection of a statue in the city of Madras as a fitting memorial, which was passed. On the motion of Mr. G. A. Natesan a resolution appointing a Committee to collect subscriptions was also passed.

Among those who took part in the meeting were the Hon. Mr. Yakub Hassan, Mr. L. A. Govindaraghavaiyer, Mr .C. P. Ramasami Iyer, Mr. S. Kasturiranga Iyengar and Mr. N. Subba Row.

LADY WILLINGDON'S ARRIVAL IN RANGOON.

KHOJA COMMUNITY'S WELCOME.

(From a Correspondent.)

RANGOON, Aug. 28.

On Thursday the 23rd instant Mr. Khoja Rehmatulla Mahomed, chief secretary to the Aga Khan Khoja community of Burma, telegraphed the following message of welcome to her Excellency Lady Willingdon at Calcutta:—"Most respectfully offer your Excellency our heartiest sincere welcome to Burma and pray for your Excellency's safe voyage in the best health. May Almighty God bestow his choicest blessing on your Excellency."

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon arrived on Sunday at 10 a.m., and was met at the Lewis Street jetty by the Lieut.-Governor, Burma. After greetings and introduction on the jetty, Lady Willingdon was garlanded by Miss Jenabai, daughter of Mr. Allybhay Mahomed, president of the Khoja Community in Rangoon, with gold and silver lace specially manufactured at Madras for the occasion.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

(From a Correspondent.)

GODHRA, Aug. 26.

Under the auspices of the Literary Society, Godhra, Mr. M. H. Vakil of Bombay delivered a public lecture this noon on "Vocational Education in Secondary Schools," in Shrimali's Vadi. Mr. Pranlal K. Desai, Assistant Educational Officer of the District, took the chair. The speaker after referring to the opening speech of H. E. the Viceroy at the Directors' conference at Delhi briefly narrated the necessity and scope of such education and put before the public the scheme specially prepared by him, which was mostly on the lines of the Sydenham College of Commerce. Mr. Jivabhai B. Mehta, Head Master of the Government High School, strongly advocated the need of such training in high schools, but he differed from the lecturer on the point that some subjects were not rightly included in the elementary classes. The President in his concluding remarks compromised the controversy by saying that the lecturer did not mean to impose his own scheme upon the public, but his main object was to draw the attention of the people to the usefulness of such vocational education.

ALLEGED INFANTICIDE

CHILD FOUND IN A DRAIN.

The Coroner, Dr. W. Nunan, held an inquest on the body of a newly born male child recovered from a drain in Huzra Street, Gangibai alias Kondibai, who was alleged to have given birth to the child, and also Kashiba were present at the enquiry.

It was stated that one Laxman Jiwan was washing a hand cart in front of his house, when he noticed the drain choked up; a sweeper ,as called and an attempt made to pull the child out of the drain, but this could not be done. Police were called in and the child was taken out after breaking the drain. A post mortem examination showed that there were three superficial wounds on the body, but no opinion could be formed as to the cause of death, as it was in an advanced state of decomposition.

Inspector Smith after making enquiries arrested Gangabai, who was a widow and who had given birth to a child on the night of Saturday. Sundrabai said that she was present when the child was born and she saw the child being pressed with the foot by Ganga.

The child was then taken away by Kashiba, who was also arrested. Sundrabai's husband also deposed to having seen the child being pressed with the foot by Gangabai.

The jury returned a verdict of death from ill-treatment and exposure after birth.

CRICKET IN UMRETH.

An interesting one-day cricket match was played on August 26th, between the Umreth Jubilee Institution and the Ahmedabad Union Club cricket teams. The Union Club having won the toss elected to send the High School team to play first. The school team scored 65. Mr. J. B. Pandya's score 22 being the highest.

The Union Club team scored 54. Mr. Medh a former Captain of the Proprietory High School of Ahmedabad, scored 16, which was the highest single score on the Club side. The second innings could not be played owing to rain.

GORDON V. GORDON.

MRS. GORDON'S ALIMONY.

REDUCED ON APPEAL TO RS. 1,000 PER MENSEM.

On the Original Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Batchelor the appeal came on for hearing yesterday in the case Francis Frederick Gordon v. Constance Evelyn Gordon.

The appeal was from the decision of Mr. Justice Macleod who had awarded Rs. 1,400 a month to the original petitioner, Constance Evelyn Gordon as permanent alimony and had secured the same by ordering F. F. Gordon the original respondent, to transfer his free assets and 1,900 shares in Gordon Ltd. to the Official Trustee.

To recall briefly the facts of the case, on 6th January 1916, Constance Evelyn Gordon the petitioner, filed a petition against her husband, the proprietor of the "Advocate of India," praying for judicial separation on the ground of his cruelty, detailing various occasions on which he used vile and insulting language towards her and assaulted her in a brutal manner. These charges were denied in his written statement by the respondent, who also made certain allegations of misconduct against the petitioner. His Lordship Justice Macleod, however, after hearing the evidence of the petitioner, and of Mr. F. E. Dinshaw of Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors made a decree for judicial separation with costs, remarking, in reply to Mr. Strangman, the petitioner's counsel, who said that he had other evidence to call, that considering that the respondent did not really contest the allegations of cruelty he thought the evidence was sufficient. The respondent did not go into the witness box, and abandoned all the allegations made by him against the petitioner in his written statement. His Lordship also made a reference to the Commissioner to ascertain the means of the respondent and his income during the last three years, for the purpose of enabling the Court to make an order under S. 37 of the Indian Divorce Act and for the amount of permanent alimony.

Mr. H. Wadia, the Commissioner came to the conclusion that "the drawings of Mr. Gordon represented his income. The Company needed capital for working expenses and therefore a portion of the net income had to be retained in the concern for working capital and this portion could not be considered as his income.

Against this report the petitioner filed exceptions. At the hearing of the exceptions Mr. Binning, counsel for Mr. Gordon, offered to pay Rs. 1,000 a month to the petitioner. This offer, however, was not accepted.

MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD'S ORDER.

Mr. Justice Macleod held that the Commissioner was clearly wrong in taking the respondent's drawings only as the test of income and after taking further evidence fixed the alimony out of the available income of the respondent at Rs. 1,400 a month and by way of securing this alimony his Lordship made an order that the respondent do transfer his Insurance policies for £2,000, £300 and 2,000 War Loan Stock of £350, and shares in Farrow's Bank, which he admitted as his only free assets and also his shares in Gordon Ltd., to the Official Trustee on his consent being obtained, upon trust to pay the income arising from the shares to the respondent as long as the alimony ordered by the Court was paid and in default to pay the alimony to the petitioner out of the income. As Mr. Gordon was not in Bombay the prothonotary was empowered to sign the necessary documents on behalf of the respondent. His Lordship also granted an injunction pending execution of the order against the respondent, restraining him from dealing with the shares.

Against these judgments the respondent appealed.

Mr. Binning and Mr. B. J. Desai appeared for the appellant.

Mr. Strangman appeared for the respondent,—the original petitioner.

Mr. Binning on behalf of the appellant said that there were two points for their Lordships' consideration, the first being the amount of the alimony and the second the manner in which it was secured. He submitted that Rs. 1,400 a month awarded by the lower court was excessive and that the means taken to secure the same were not proper. As to the first point he pointed out that Rs. 66,000, which was the figure taken by the Court as the income of the respondent was not correct. He urged their Lordships to look at the matter from a commonsense point of view. He had offered Rs. 1,000 a month to the petitioner and he submitted that that sum was adequate and more than adequate to keep her in a suitable position of life whether she lived in India or in England. The learned counsel said that supposing that Mr. and Mrs. Gordon were on friendly terms and supposing the wife only had to live in England apart from her husband who had his business in India, could anybody say, if the husband sent her Rs. 1,000 a month for her expenses, that that was an inadequate sum?

Counsel then referred to her evidence in the lower court, when in Mr. Jardine's cross-examination she said that before her marriage she was an employee in Badham Pile and Co. She had no means apart from her employment. Her people were not well-off. She had no idea what her father's income was. He left a will. She could not say whether he was working practically as a labourer. The learned counsel said that in referring to this part of her evidence he had no desire to be unpleasant, but he simply referred to it to assist the Court in deciding what would be an adequate alimony for her. He had nothing to say against Mrs. Gordon and all allegations made against her had been withdrawn in the lower court. In 1911 there was a deed of separation between Mr. and Mrs. Gordon and under it the petitioner was satisfied with a sum of Rs. 300 per annum from the respondent. On the second point Mr. Binning urged that there was no necessity for a deed of transfer. It would fetter the respondent entirely, as he would not be able to deal with his shares, supposing he wanted to do so for purposes of his business.

MR. STRANGMAN ON THE PRACTICE IN ENGLAND.

Mr. Strangman on behalf of the petitioner began by citing cases to show that the Court of Appeal would be slow to reverse a decree which was passed, on its deliberate discretion, by the Lower Court, even though the appellate court sitting as the original court would have come to a different conclusion. As to the amount of the alimony the general rule in England was that the Courts would decree something between 1/3 and ¼ and that rule should apply as much in India as in England. Besides Mr. Gordon could always come to Court for diminution of the alimony if his income was reduced.

Mr. Justice Batchelor: The question is whether the amount is excessive having regard to the respondent's present income.

Mr. Strangman: Taking his income at Rs. 66,000 it would be less than ¼. Even taking the figures suggested by Mr. Binning viz. Rs. 54,000 it would be less than 1/3. The figures taken by the Court were from balance sheets prepared and put before the Court by the respondent himself.

Mr. Justice Batchelor: Can you show any authority where this something between 1/3 and ¼ is laid down as a fixed rule of practice?

Mr. Strangman referred Halsbury's Laws of England.

Mr. Justice Batchelor: But that says that there is no fixed rule. It says that it is usual to give 1/3. Sometimes less and occasionally as much as ¼.

Mr. Strangman: But here we get less than ¼.

Mr. Justice Batchelor: What do you say to this that in 1911 she was satisfied with Rs 300 a year?

Mr. Strangman: Nobody suggests that that should be the test. Mr. Binning himself was willing to give Rs. 1,000 a month. We did not go into this matter, but if we had, we should have been able to show that at that time she was entirely at his (respondent's) mercy.

Mr. Binning: She had an independent legal adviser.

THE TRUE TEST.

Continuing, counsel said that the test was not what she could live on, but what her husband's income was. With regard to the second point, Mr. Strangman said that it was not suggested before now that a deed was not necessary. The deed was necessitated by the obstructive attitude adopted by Mr. Gordon. He refused to give any assistance to the Court and went so far as to instruct his solicitor to make a misrepresentation to the court that his shares in Gordon Ltd. were pledged with the Bank of India. These shares were deposited to secure the indebtedness of the company itself and as such were useless. It was suggested that the solicitors of both parties should meet Mr. Stringfellow, Manager of the Bank of India, together and ascertain the truth with regard to these shares. But the respondent would not consent to this course. Mr. Stringfellow had to be called before the Court and he completely gave the respondent away by stating that the bank had no objection to hand over the shares to Mr. Gordon if he wanted them, as the bank attached no value to the shares and that Mr. Gordon had been informed of that. Mr. Gordon went away to Europe without giving the Insurance policies or War Loan and treated the Court with complete defiance.

Continuing, Mr. Strangman said that he could not see how Mr. Gordon could be prejudiced by the order; it only controlled any improper use of his position.

AMOUNT HELD EXCESSIVE.

Their Lordships in giving judgment said that in their opinion the amount decreed by the lower court was excessive. They reduced the amount to Rs. 1,000 a month, but confirmed the judge's order with regard to the method by which it was secured. Respondent to pay the petitioner's costs as between attorneys and client.

Attorneys for the Appellants: Messrs. Crawford Baily and Co.

Attorneys for the respondent: Messrs Payne and Co.

DR. BENTLEY'S ANTI-MALARIAL CAMPAIGN.

LORD RONALDSHAY'S VISIT TO RAGHUNATHGUNJ.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 27.

His Excellency the Governor visited Raghunathgunj in Murshidabad on Saturday to see for himself the nature of the anti-malarial measures being carried out there by Dr. Bentley. This town is situated not far from the Ganges and malaria is very prevalent there all the year round, due to the existence of a species of anopheles mosquito. Dr. Bentley's object is to reduce these breeding places to a minimum by turning the low lying area into a single sheet of water at intervals during the flood season, and by draining it thoroughly both at the beginning and at the end of the rainy season. With this object in view, tanks and larger sheets of water are being connected. The ordinary drainage channels of the town are being improved, and sluices are being constructed to regulate the flow of river water into this drainage system. In the early part of the rains, these sluices will remain open, and surface water will be carried into the river by means of the drains. The area will thus be kept as dry as possible. When the flood season commences and the river rises, river-water passing through the sluices will turn the low-lying area into a single sheet of fresh water, "edge water" being thus reduced to a minimum.

The Hon. Sir Claude Hill has been paying a visit to Delhi.

The Hon. Mr. Hailey, Chief Commissioner, Delhi, who was on a visit to Simla, has returned to Delhi.

Mr. C. M. Pearce, General Traffic Manager, East Indian Railway, has been granted eighteen months' extension of service.

POONA BRANCH OF LEAGUE OF MERCY.

ANNUAL MEETING OF NASIK HOME SCHOOL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA Aug. 27.

The annual meeting of the Nasik Home School in connection with the Poona branch of the League of Mercy, was held at St. Helena's School this evening, there being a number of ladies and gentlemen present. Among these were the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Arthur, Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Seddon, Rev. Canon and Mrs. Kennelly, Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Edwardes, Mr. and Mr. Barnett (Hon. Secretary), Miss Barnett, Rev. Mould and many others. Mrs. Seddon as president of the Poona branch of the League of Mercy proposed that Mrs. Arthur should occupy the chair. The proceedings then opened with Canon Kennelly reading the report presented by Miss Giffard. The report showed that in spite of the war things had gone forward during the last twelve months.

Mrs. Arthur after a detailed exposition of the working and the needs of the League wound up the proceedings with the following appeal for funds:—"I ask you especially for regular monthly subscription. Donations are welcomed too, of course, but regular monthly subscription gives one such a sense of security that they are something (literally in this case) to build on, something on which they can make plans for the future and I do earnestly ask you to put by, if it is only 8 annas or one rupee a month towards the temporal and eternal welfare of these children."

IMPORTRNT CASE OF HINDU LAW.

DECISION IN MADRAS HIGH COURT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Aug. 28.

At the High Court, to-day the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kumaraswamy Sastri delivered judgment in an important case of Hindu Law in which the questions raised were (1) whether a son is liable for the debts of the father during the father's lifetime having regard to the recent decision of the Privy Council and (2) assuming that the son is liable for the debts of the father even during the father's lifetime whether he is liable in respect of a debt incurred or renewed by the father after partition between him and his son.

With regard to the first question their Lordships held that the Privy Council in the recent case did not mean to lay down that the son was liable for the father's debts even during the father's lifetime. With regard to the second question their Lordships while holding that the son continues to be liable to the extent of the family property in his hands, in respect of the debts contracted by the father prior to partition with his son they declared that liability does not extend to the case of the debt incurred or renewed by the father after partition.

MOVEMENT FOR MASS EDUCATION.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY.

This society was started by some young people in 1909 with the object of spreading education among the masses and has been doing work with commendable zeal and earnestness. The society has at present two night schools, one at Parel and the other in Girgaon. The special feature of both the schools is that the fees charged are more or less nominal, the maximum being one rupee for a Matriculation Student. The Girgaon Night School has 16 honorary tutors, most of them being graduates and a few under-graduates. Men like Mr. Diwekar, who has very recently passed the Solicitor's examination, Mr. Khare, Bar-at-Law, Mr. K. M. Badas, High Court Pleader, and others holding position in society have enlisted themselves as tutors in this philanthropic institute and it is no wonder that the school which started with only fifty students should now have grown into a big institution claiming as many as two hundred students. Mr. Kesarinath Rele and Prabhakar the two secretaries of the Girgaon Night School strain every nerve to add to the efficiency of the institution. It is understood that they are endeavouring to start a first aid class and a free reading room in the heart of Girgaon and it is hoped that their attempts will before long be crowned with success.

While the Girgaon Night School has made such a headway, the one at Parel under the management of Mr. Kamat, secretary, is not lagging behind in the march of progress claiming as it does nearly 125 students, most of whom belong to the so-called backward classes. They have already been giving instruction at this school in First Aid to the injured and are thinking of starting Hindi classes to meet the needs of the Hindi speaking students residing at and near Parel. This school also claims 10 teachers, six of whom are working in a purely honorary capacity. The present president of the Society is Mr. Kerkar, pleader, and Vice-president is Dr. Welkar.

The ninth anniversary of the society was recently celebrated at Parel under the presidency of Mr. S. D. Navalkar, who, described how the society has been doing its work simply by the dint of honesty of motives and resolute sacrifice.

In view of the rise in price of silver, the Secretary of State decided that commencing from August 29th and until further notice he will sell immediate telegraphic transfers at one shilling five pence and deferred transfers and bills at one shilling 4 29/32 pence. Rates for business by exchange banks are correspondingly altered, i.e., banks selling rates in India will be raised from 1s 4 7/32d and 1s 4 9/32d to 1s 4 31/32d and 1s 5 1/32d respectively.

MRS. BESANT'S INTERNMENT.

PUBLIC MEETING AT AHMEDABAD.

Under the auspices of the Home Rule League, Ahmedabad, over ten thousand merchants assembled in a public meeting on Friday evening in Shri Jain Visa Shrimali's Vadi. Long before the announced time of 7-30 p.m., people began to pour in and when the president, Mr. Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi came, it was found extremely difficult to convey him to the platform. When the proceedings began the rush of the audience was so great that hundreds of them mounted the roofs of neighbouring houses.

The following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

"This meeting deeply regrets the unjust orders of internment made without any regular inquiry, against our venerable leader Mrs. Annie Besant and her valiant fellow-workers, Messrs. Arundale and Wadia, and requests the Government to immediately release them."

"This meeting of the merchants of Ahmedabad resolves that for the general advancement of the people it is necessary that the scheme of political reforms formulated as a first step towards Self-Government or Home Rule for India, and unanimously accepted by the Indian National Congress and the Moslem League, should be immediately granted and that nothing short of the said scheme will be acceptable to the people of India."

In conclusion the President made a few remarks on the changing attitude of the merchant class towards political reforms in the country and with a vote of thanks to the chair the meeting terminated.

NEW MEMBERS OF THE HOME RULE LEAGUE, BOMBAY BRACH.

The following have joined the Home Rule League, Bombay Branch:—

Messrs. Dwarkadas Maganlal; Navinchandra Maganlal; Nandlal Nagji; Chandulal U. Banker; Amaratlal Vithaldas; N. L. Thakar; Jethashanker Kalianji Dave; Gajanan Ranachhodji; Laxman Ramchandra Shinde; Pranshanker Bhaishanker; Dulatrai Chhaganlal; Popatlal Jhaverchand; Manilal Ratanchand; Naranji G. Lalan; Shah Nerindas Tarachand; Manilal Amarchand; Jagmohan Jagjivan; Bhimji Nyalchand; Parmanand Dulabhadas; Ranachhordas Purushottam; Premji Ashakaran; Dulichand Gangabhuje; Dhirajlal Chhaganlal; Sankalchand Kulsalchand; Laxmidas Premji; Padamsi Bhagwandas;

The following have joined the Indian Home Rule League (Bombay Branch):—Messrs. V. R. Vaidya; I. G. Samson; A. H. Karandikar; I. B. Patel; S. S. Sule; C. K. Maniyar; G. G. Joshi; T. P. Badnerkar; T. N. Joshi; D. C. Amin; B. S. Patel; Maganlal Bhagawandas; B. N. Rana; Dhaneshwar Dayashanker; C. D. Mehata; B. M. Javeri; A. B. Salaru; V. M. Mehata; Tarasingh Premasingh and Chabildas Ramadas.

NEEDLESS LIQUOR-SHOP AT PRINCESS STREET.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—At a time when the increased sale and consumption of liquor is being denounced, both by England and more so by her Allies, it seems a shame that British troops in India should have needless temptations thrown in their way by the opening of yet one more liquor shop in a locality where it is not at all necessary, so far as the local residents are concerned.

I understand that it is contemplated to have the liquor license which formerly was owned by a certain restaurant in Apollo Street, and was dormant for quite a while, transferred to Princess Street.

I sincerely trust that the Excise Authorities will refuse to grant such a transfer, as it is likely to have most prejudical effects on the young men of the locality where it is contemplated to open this new shop.

The professed policy of the British Government with reference to liquor in India, is to minimise temptation and reduce consumption. I submit that neither of these intentions will be accomplished by the opening of the above shop.—Yours, etc.,

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Bombay, Aug. 26th.

THE BORAHS AND THEIR HEAD PRIEST.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will reference to your article with regard to the "Borahs and their Priest" on Monday and "Oar's" letter on Tuesday published in your issues, I have to say that they are both written in mistaken lights. Our Head Priest sahib never made a Tom-Tom with regard to the Governor's visits. It was the papers specially the "Sanjvartman" and the "Kaiser-i-Hind" that did this in order to play to the gallery. The visit with the Governor was arranged at the kind intervention of the Hon. Mr. Salebhai Barodawala who is a devoted follower of our Holiness Syedna Tahir Saifudin. I am further informed that it was specially at the Governor's request that this visit was arranged whereas our Priest (the spiritual Head of our Community) had no desire in visiting him at all.

With regard to accounts of the Shrines being rendered our Head Priest is not bound to do so for they simply and absolutely belong to him, but, however, to pacify the extremist class and the so called reformers of the community our Syedna is prepared to do so. Our Syedna has taken the wisest step possible in excommunicating the so-called prominent members here as well as of Barhanpur and our Priest has every right to do so for whatever he does, he does through inspiration from God.—Yours, etc.,

"KHA'DIM-E-KOM."

Khoka Bazaar,
Bombay, Aug. 28.

Captain M. A. Ward, Lancashire Fusiliers eldest son of Professor A. W. Ward, Canning College Lucknow, has received the Military Cross.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, August 29, 1917.

WHOSE FAILURE?

In his memorable speech on the Mesopotamia debate, Mr. Montagu pointed out that the real charge against the Indian Government in which he included Lord Hardinge, Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Crewe, was that at the beginning of the war, their policy was governed by too great a doubt of the loyalty and co-operation of the Indian people. "The policy was," he said, "that we did not know whether India should co-operate in this war or not; we did not trust them; we dare not trust them,—I am not criticising them from that point of view,—let us keep the war far from India. Then events proved that the Indian people were anxious to co-operate, and the share of the Indian people in this war, from the beginning to the end, has always been greater than the share of the Indian Government in this war, and always more willing than the share of the Indian Government." This presentment of the case embodies the outstanding fact about India's part in the war: that the share of the Indian *people* in this war, from the beginning to the end, has always been greater and more willing than the share of the Indian *Government*. And what is the explanation of this fact? Mr. Montagu summed up all that can be said on this point by insisting that "the Government of India is too wooden, too iron, too inelastic, too antediluvian, to be of any use for the modern purposes we have in view." The same point is emphasised, in a characteristically frank manner, by the "Nation"—the article is at once an admirable summary of the attitude of India towards the Mesopotamia Report and an acute and true analysis of the psychology of the Indian bureaucracy.

There were, the journal says, two courses open to the Government of India at the outbreak of the war. In India, as in Ireland, there was a generous rally to the cause of the Allies in the autumn of 1914. The parallel with Ireland is not without its point. For, like the Irish Nationalists, the Indians hoped, while placing all their resources at the disposal of the Empire, that by this proof of loyalty—if that proof were necessary,—they would make their just claims to self-government all the stronger. "They might have said," as the "Nation" contends,

> "What the Russian Socialist Left says, that the war is merely a conflict of two rival Imperialist systems. They did not say that. They saw in the war a struggle for liberty, and they wished to share in it. They called for free enlistment: they wanted commissions for educated Indians. There was no limit to the sacrifices which they were prepared to make."

What then was wanting? It was a bold stroke of statesmanship, on the part of those entrusted with the Government of India, that would have taken the tide of generous loyalty at the flood. "If," the Nation says,

> "Lord Hardinge had issued such a proclamation for the direction of this fine impulse as Mr. Wilson made to the citizens of the United States, if he had made a few such speeches as M. Kerensky has made in Russia, he probably could have drawn from India men, officers, supplies, munitions, and even money. The emotional conditions for an unexampled patriotic rally were all present. . . . . But one condition was indispensable, and that was that India, in fighting for the liberation of others, should also liberate herself."

For that, the "Nation" adds, Simla was not prepared. Therefore, the bureaucratic machine was set to work as usual to damp popular enthusiasm in every direction. Indians demanded free enlistment in India and were met with the reply that it would be impossible to find enough English officers acquainted with Indian languages to command the new battalions. And this in face of the fact that, to quote the "Nation," "French officers who can speak neither Serbian nor Greek can train Serbian and Greek regiments" and "Germans who can speak no Turkish can train and command Turks." It was, the journal declares, a crude affirmation of racial inferiority. That, however, was not all. For, the real point was that Simla did not want to give commissions to the new generation of educated Indians, because it might have been dangerous:

> "It would certainly have been dangerous, if we had intended that everything in India should go on as before. If, on the other hand, we had meant to advance with reasonable speed towards a moderate but real form of Indian Home Rule, and to give India her place as something more than a subject in the Empire, it would have been the safest and most popular of policies."

But the policy which appeared safest to the Indian Government was the traditional unimaginative policy of distrust. The "mediocre, the timid the uninspired course" to which Mr. Montagu referred, was therefore taken. The redeeming feature of this attitude indeed was "the proof of a rectitude very rare in the annals of Empires." And this attitude could be proved to be a logical one also once the premises were granted—that the Empire is not the Indians' Empire, that they are treated "more as alien helots than as fellow-citizens" when they migrate to the autonomous Dominions, that they possess "little or no share in the government of their own country":

> The bureaucracy would not levy on a subject people a tribute for the financing of the general Imperial machine. That is why the Army was kept for Indian purposes alone, and that is also why it never occurred to Simla to expand it boldly when war broke out. Even with this limitation, the military expenditure of India absorbs half the Budget, and, relatively to his poverty, the Indian peasant is heavily taxed. Lord Hardinge knew the delicacy of the position. He dreaded frontier disturbances and internal unrest. He argued, as a conscientious Viceroy was bound to argue, that his duty was primarily to watch over India's safety. He tried to do it by imposing no fresh burdens, by provoking no possible resentments, and by asking no sacrifice from a people which is not yet a fully enfranchised member of the Imperial family.

Any other attitude, the "Nation" says, would be provocative and immoral." so long as India remains a subject dependancy. This statement of the plain truth will, no doubt, as has been pointed out, be unpalatable to the full-blown Imperialist. And those who are inclined to deprecate the share of India as not being on the same footing and basis as that of England and the Colonies would do well not to forget that India is not governed on the same footing and basis. But, apart from this, if the policy of the Government of India was as the "Nation" puts it, "an upright and respectable one" it was, as the same journal says a "poor-spirited one." It was based on the recognition that until a subject-race shares the rights of the citizens of the Empire, it cannot share its burdens. But the assumption that Indians are a subject-race is un-British and the chief count in the indictment against the Government of India is that they have all along based their policy on that assumption.

A CURE FOR HOARDING.

India is the land *par excellence* for a variety of cries which are taken up by the man in the street after the manner of parrots. For sometime past there has been the parrot-cry of hoarding of gold sovereigns, and recently, of rupees as if that were a new economic phenomenon in this old country! It is, of course, true that the embargo by the State at present on gold and silver has stimulated such hoarding. But why it should be deprecated, is not easy to understand. The Indian is only following his hereditary instincts of thousands of years. So far there is nothing extraordinary in the fact that, with an eye to gain, he is hoarding gold and silver coins. But will those who are repeating this cry enlighten us as to why all Europe is at present hoarding in spite of the war? For some weeks past they have been complaints in France that cash and bank notes are being hoarded. It has become so serious a question that the French Finance Minister has brought in a Bill to legislate for the demonetisation of gold and to replace gold coins by a fresh currency. M. Bouffandean is a shrewed financier. He thinks that the best way of drawing out the hoards of gold coins is to make them illegal after a certain date. Meanwhile he would mint as fast as he can a new gold currency which alone would be considered legal tender. That is undoubtedly an astute step and much to be commended from the point of view of French finance. But what is the effect of the proposed legislation?

The Paris correspondent of the "Economist" says that, though the Bill has not been tabled yet, several deputies fearing that it would, if adopted, lead to further trading in and hoarding of silver and copper coins and notes, have announced their intention of proposing also the demonetisation of silver and copper coins. Can the Indian Finance Minister imitate the astuteness of M. Bouffandean? What metal would he choose for currency as a substitute for rupees? Would he mint crores of Nickel rupees? And what would be the exchange value of such a new-fangled coin in relation to the gold sovereign? How much profit could he derive by the substituted metal which would go to swell the Gold Standard Reserve? And would that arrest the price of silver? We should be delighted to read a Press Communique by the Department of Finance that Sir William Meyer has in contemplation a nickel for a silver rupee. The mere announcement might perhaps draw out large hoards of rupees. Will he take the hint and allay the Silver Alarmists?

And what about replacing his 100 crores of currency notes by some other substitute with a good design? We are also very curious to learn Sir William Meyer's views on this point. How many crores of notes are hoarded at present? Can he give us a rough estimate of these? Would his new design currency notes, assuming that such were introduced, draw out the present hoards of currency paper? These are excellent financial or currency conundrums, a solution of which from the highest financial authority would prove most valuable.

Notes of the Day.

The Late Mr. Gulam Husain.

The tragic and untimely death of Mr. Gulam Husain, Editor of "The New Era," which occurred in Lucknow on Saturday as the result of injuries received in an accident, removes an able and devoted worker in the national cause. By the Mahomedans especially it will be widely mourned as a heavy calamity, for the community is none too well off, unhappily, in men of the late Mr. Gulam Husain's calibre and staunch patriotism. It was but a few months back that Mr. Gulam Husain founded the "New Era," and won for the journal a distinct place of its own in the Indian Press. We trust that his death, grievously as it must affect the paper, will not involve its being stopped, and that its publication will be duly continued as the fittest memorial to its founder. The principles which Mr. Gulam Husain laid down for the policy of his journal are sound and unexceptionable, and will, we hope, continue to inspire those who come after him. We offer our sincere condolences to his family on their great bereavement. It may be some consolation to them to know that a vast circle of friends shares their sorrow.

A Dress Censor?

A Mr. French is the District Magistrate of Bogra in Bengal. The North Bengal Literary Conference recently held its session at Bogra, and Mr. French graced the occasion with his presence. Unhappily for all parties concerned a certain Moulvie attended the Conference in an attire which attacted the sharp scrutiny of the District Magistrate. He suspected it to be the dress of a Turkoman! "The sight," according to the "Bengalee's" report, "goaded the Magistrate to such fury that he at once directed the Moulvie and his followers to leave the District peremptorily by the first available train."

Wasted Talents.

The first thing to ask in this matter is: What is a Turkoman's dress? Those who have spent their whole lives among all classes of Mahomedans will be hard put to it to distinguish such a costume, assuming there were any such definite dress. In the next place, what if it was? We are not aware of any official prohibition of the dress in question. Why then should Mr. French have allowed himself to run amock? Thirdly, Bogra is not even a non-regulation district, where certain autocratic latitude is permitted to the local tin gods. The whole episode from beginning to end is farcical to a degree, and should ordinarily be a source of amusement more than anything else. But it is necessary to protest against this kind of eccentricity on the part of officials in the Mofussil, in view of the hardship and injustice involved to poor and harmless people, who are not in a position to resist the might of Authority. Mr. French's peculiar talents, if proved to be not bascless, might perhaps be better utilized in some war department which supervises scouting work pertaining to Turkomans!

Development of Mahim.

The Corporation at their meeting on Monday resolved, on the motion of Mr. H. P. Mody, that in view of the piecemeal development of Mahim that is taking place at present, and the fact that important proposals are often hung up in the absence of a definite policy, it is necessary that the question of the application of the Town Planning Act to that part of the City should be settled once for all, and that the Commissioner be asked to expedite his report upon the question. The decision is welcome and does not come too soon. The right view respecting this subject is to consider it from the broad standpoint of the welfare of the City as a whole. In 1913 Mr. Cadell, made very comprehensive suggestions about the development of Mahim but, as Mr. Mody said, his proposals have been shelved for the last four years on the ground of financial stringency. The Improvement Trust, said Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, had also previously committed itself to a development of that part of the City, but nothing has been done by it in that direction during the last ten or twelve years. The result of this delay and apathy has been the present chaotic condition of Mahim, a condition that is nothing short of a disgrace to a Municipality of the repute of the Bombay Corporation.

Object of Town Planning Act.

There seemed to be a good deal of misapprehension of the object of the Town Planning Act on the part of one or two speakers during the debate on Monday. Mr. Wadia, who ordinarily inveighs against the Corporation being the stronghold of "landlordism," with fine inconsistency allowed himself to appear in this instance as championing the interests of landlords, for he is reported to have objected to a town-planning scheme being forced on the landlords of Mahim. As to this, it has to be remembered that, as Mr. Cowasji Jehangir said, town-planning is not confiscation and that it will be the landlords who would be benefitted by the application of the Act. In any case, the matter brooks no delay. If it is found impossible to apply the Town Planning Act, the Corporation must find some other means of developing Mahim and undoing the great harm that is already done and is being done. Whatever the decision it should be expedited. Apart from the fact that, as was pointed out by Mr. Petit, the roads in Mahim formed to some extent the channels of main communication with the western part of the Island, it may be said that to the extent that Mahim is made a beautiful and well-planned suburb of Bombay, the pressure on the overcrowded part of the city will be relieved. Nor is that all. The greater the delay in the adoption of a definite scheme of development, the greater will be the difficulties and the expense when ultimately the task comes to be forced on the Corporation.

"Incendiaries."

A Madras contemporary quotes the following figurative description of a visitation of plague at Dharapuram from the report of the chairman of the local municipality:

> The infection was introduced. Rats acted as incendiaries, and set the fire of plague in different parts of the town. To escape from these flames the more sensible of the people began to fly before they had time to reach them. The more lethargic, the more ignorant, and the more stubborn, to whom warnings and persuasion to quit did not readily appeal, had unfortunately to pay rather heavily before they eventually left.

For the convenience of British troops while travelling over the line, Sir Robert Highet, Agent, East Indian Railway, has arranged for a railway Ladies' Committee to be formed at different big railway centres with a view to look after their comforts. The guards on taking over trains after ascertaining the requirements of the soldiers will wire ahead to refreshment room stations the nature and kind of meals required while the members of the ladies' committee will, in turn, attend these trains and see that the food supplied is wholesome and look after their general comforts. Small delicacies will be supplied free of cost. At big stations where there are branches of the Red Cross Society, this committee will work in co-operation with the society.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency accompanied by H. E. the Commander-in-Chief attended Parade Service at All Saints' Church, Kirkee, on Sunday morning.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, General Scott, Captain Bridges, Captain Macartney and Captain Troutbeck have left Government House.

We understand that H. H. the Aga Khan will accompany the Rt. Hon. E. S. Montagu to India in November next.

The Hon. Mr. Bhupendranath Basu is expected to arrive in Bombay on the afternoon of the 30th instant by the Jubbulpore Mail en route to England to take up the membership of the India Council.

BIRTHDAY OF FRENCH PRESIDENT.

FRENCH CONSUL-GENERAL'S REPLY TO SIR H. BUTLER.

(Associated Press.)
RANGOON, Aug. 27.

With reference to Sir Harcourt Butler's telegram on the occasion of the birthday of the French President, Mr. John Scott, the local Consular Agent, has received the following telegram from the Consul-General for France, Calcutta:—"*Monsieur Le President De La Republiqué, auquel javais fait parvenir votre telegramme du 29 aout a été ties, sensible aux felicitations addressees par Sir Harcourt Butler et me prié lui transmettre ses remerciements sincères. Veuilles communiquér.*" This has been passed on to his Honour.

CAPTURE OF BEAUMONT WOODS.

HOW IT WAS EFFECTED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 4-45 p.m., Aug. 28.

Correspondents describe the Beaumont village as a veritable fortress. To the south-east the ground is wooded and behind lies the wooded hill of Wavrille which is the last commanding position on the heights. The assault began at daybreak and both the wings rapidly reached the objectives, namely, the Beaumont High Road and the Chambrettes Road, as far as the Chaume Wood. The machine-guns on the border of the Fosses Wood stopped the centre temporarily, but at noon the whole of the Beaumont Woods had been captured and ground gained to a depth of three-quarters of a mile. The special significance of the success was that it was achieved when the French might have been expected to be fully occupied in consolidating the new ground.

GERMAN UNDER SECRETARY FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

TAKES LEAVE FOR REASONS OF HEALTH.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
AMSTERDAM, Aug. 28.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

The "Koelnische Zeitung" states that von Stumm, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs has been granted leave for reasons of health. It is uncertain whether he will resume office. Baron Bussehew is acting as substitute.

FREE COMMISSION OF REICHSTAG.

SCANT COURTESY SHOWN THROUGHOUT GERMANY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

The Free Commission of the Reichstag is received with scant courtesy. The reactionaries fear it as a step towards democratisation while the reformers regard it as a sop thrown to them. The minority Socialists refuse to recognise its existence, their leader Ledebour describing it as a political hocuspocus.

The "Cologne Gazette" wants cabbages and coals rather than committees which merely talk and do nothing practical.

CONSCRIPTION IN HONGKONG.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OPINIONS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
HONGKONG, Aug. 27.
Recd. 2-50 p.m., Aug. 28.

Mr. Walter Long has replied to the Governor that the operation of the Compulsory Military Service Bill should be limited to the duration of war and six months afterwards.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S ASSURANCE TO RUSSIA

FAVOURABLY IMPRESSED BY M. KERENSKY'S SPEECH.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Aug. 28.

Circles here are favourably impressed by the Provisional Government's attitude as reflected in M. Kerensky's speech. President Wilson has cabled to the Moscow Conference giving assurance of the United States' willingness to extend every material and moral assistance to the Government of Russia in the promotion of the common cause, in which the two nations are united.

ITALIAN PROGRESS BEYOND MONTE SANTO.

MOST OF BAINSIZZA PLATEAU OCCUPIED.

VIGOROUS FIGHTING ON AISNE FRONT.

ITALY FORGING AHEAD.

INTENSE STRUGGLE ON BAINSIZZA.

DESPERATE ENEMY RESISTANCE OVERCOME.

500 PRISONERS CAPTURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 27.
Recd. 8 a.m., Aug. 28.

A wireless Italian official communiqué says:—On the Bainsizza the struggle has increased in intensity. The enemy in extreme desperation and with stronger forces is seeking to prevent us from progressing to the eastern edge of the plateau. We are overcoming resistance at various points.

We took 500 prisoners yesterday.

ITALIANS OCCUPY MOST OF BAINSIZZA PLATEAU.

ENEMY IN FULL RETREAT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 27.
Recd. 8 a.m., Aug. 28.

Reuter states that information from the Italian Headquarters emphasises that the Italians have made great progress towards overcoming the obstacles confronting them. The Italians now possess most of the plateau of Bainsizza between Tolmino and Monte Santo, which the Austrians had transformed into a most formidable entrenched camp. There were several lines of defences bristling with guns.

The enemy is in full retreat and his machine-guns and light artillery are engaging in sharp rearguard actions, but they are not hindering the Italians, who have advanced to a depth of from six to nine kilometres in a straight line over a most difficult terrain.

ENEMY RETREAT IN CHIAPOVONO VALLEY.

DISORDER INTENSIFIED BY ITALIAN AEROPLANES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Aug. 28.

Italian correspondents state that the enemy is endeavouring to bar the way in the Chiapovono Valley, which has been reached and passed at various points. Aeroplanes are intensifying the disorder of the retreat, swooping low and bombing and machine-gunning the roads crowded with lorries, infantry and guns.

HOW ITALIANS CAPTURED MONTE SANTO.

VODICE SUMMIT CARRIED AND TRICOLOR PLANTED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Aug. 28.

Mr. Percival Gibbon says that the Italian troops assaulted Monte Santo after an intense artillery bombardment at seven in the morning from three directions. From north, along the high saddle connecting Santo with the Vodice summit; frontally up the steep face overhanging the Isonzo; and from the south from the low saddle named Dol.

By ten o'clock the frontal attackers had reached the summit and planted the tricolor.

ITALIAN ADVANCE ON BAINSIZZA PLATEAU.

ENEMY DESPERATELY THROWING IN RESERVES TO STOP PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 4-45 p.m., Aug. 28.

Italian correspondents point out that the Austrians are desperately throwing in reserves in order to stop the advance on the Bainsizza Plateau and are probably endeavouring to cover the withdrawal of guns and troops, north-east of Gorizia.

The monitors bombarding Trieste on the 19th August included four British which flung fifteen-inch shells at a range of sixteen miles.

STOCKHOLM CONFERENCE.

BELGIAN SOCIALISTS' RESOLVE NOT TO BE REPRESENTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

The Germans have been pressing the Belgian Socialists to attend the Stockholm Conference and permitted a meeting to be held to decide the question. Five hundred persons attended and they resolved as a protest against German cruelty that they would not attend even if the British and French delegates went.

INTER-ALLIED SOCIALIST AND LABOUR CONFERENCE.

SITTING IN LONDON TO-DAY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 7-55 p.m. Aug. 28.

The Inter-Allied Socialist and Labour Conference will meet in London to-morrow under the presidency of Mr. Arthur Henderson. Two-thirds of the delegates are British, the great majority of whom are pacifists and one of them a South African. The French delegates include Munitions Minister, M. Abel Thomas. There is little prospect of any unanimity of views.

VIGOROUS FIGHTING ON AISNE FRONT.

COUNTER-ATTACK ON BEAUMONT REPULSED.

OVER 1,100 PRISONERS CAPTURED.

ENEMY POSITIONS BOMBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 27.
Recd. 8 a.m., Aug. 28.

This afternoon's French communiqué says:—The Germans were very active last night on the Aisne. After lively bombardments special detachments attacked at various points, notably east of the Noisy Farm, east and west of Cerny, and on both sides of the Hurtebise Monument.

Our watchfulness frustrated the attempts, and the enemy made not the slightest gain.

A violent enemy counter-attack attempted to drive us back from the southern outskirts of Beaumont on the right bank of the Meuse. Our fire annihilated the efforts and we hold all the positions won.

Over 1,100 unwounded prisoners including 32 officers were captured on the 26th instant.

Three enemy aeroplanes have been brought down and four forced down in their own lines, out of control.

We copiously bombed aerodromes, hutments and bivouacs.

FIGHTING ON THE MEUSE.

VIOLENT ARTILLERY NORTH OF HILL 304.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

Last night's French communiqué reported fairly violent artillery actions left of the Meuse, especially north of Hill 304. The enemy did not attempt to attack our new positions.

ENEMY' VANISHING STRENGTH.

APPARENT ON VERDUN FRONT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Aug. 28.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters mentions that the outstanding feature of the recent fighting has been the inability of the Germans to resist or counter-attack in adequate strength. On the right of the Meuse, the enemy front is barely two miles in advance of the line, whence the Germans started their staggering rush towards Verdun in February, last year.

FRENCH SUCCESS ON VERDUN FRONT.

FIELD-MARSHAL HAIG'S CONGRATULATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 27.
Recd. 8 a.m., Aug. 28.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters says that Field-Marshal Haig telegraphed to General Petain on the 21st instant:—All ranks of the British Armies in France join in the hearty congratulations to you and your gallant armies on the splendid results gained at Verdun yesterday. The enemy will not be able to endure many more such blows.

GENERAL PETAIN'S REPLY.

General Petain replied on the 22nd:—Hearty thanks for the kind congratulations of the gallant British troops who have brilliantly distinguished themselves again in the last few days in Flanders and at Lens. They will touch the hearts of the soldiers at Verdun who are united to their Allies by the common determination to win and the common assurance of success.

GERMAN ORDERS TO COURTRAI BANKS.

TO TRANSFER ALL VALUABLES TO BRUSSELS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 27.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

The Belgian Government is informed that the Germans have ordered the Courtrai banks to transfer all their valuables to Bruesels.

BRITISH ADVANCE.

SUCCESSFUL ATTACK SOUTH-EAST OF LANGEMARCK.

VIGOROUS AIR-RAIDS ON ENEMY LINES.

FOUR ENEMY MACHINES BROUGHT DOWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 27.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

Field-Marshal Haig's communiqué to-night reports rain all day. We attacked in the afternoon east and south-east of Langemarck. The first reports indicate satisfactory progress. We drove off the raiders north of Lens.

Our aeroplanes vigorously carried out raids and observations and effectively directed machine-gun fire against the enemy batteries, transport and infantry. The enemy aircraft has been aggressive. We brought down four and drove down three machines. Two of ours are missing.

APPRECIATION OF CANADIAN GALLANTRY.

GOVERNOR'S REPLY TO MR. WALTER LONG.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
OTTAWA, Aug. 28.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

Replying to the Colonial Secretary's congratulations on the splendid work of the gallant Canadian troops, the Duke of Devonshire has cabled:—

"Please accept on behalf of the Government and the people of Canada, most grateful thanks for your telegram which is deeply appreciated throughout the Dominion. We are proud of the part that Canada is privileged to take by the side of our gallant Allies and fellow subjects from all parts of the Empire. I assure you that we shall continue to make our best efforts till complete final victory is attained."

ENFRANCHISEMENT OF CANADIAN SOLDIERS.

RIGHT TO VOTE CONFERRED ON INDIANS ALSO.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
OTTAWA, Aug. 27.
Recd. 2-50 p.m., Aug. 28.

The Soldiers' Voting Bill is now practically through the Dominion House of Commons as amended in Committee. It enfranchises all overseas soldiers enlisted in Canada. Those who are not regularly domiciled will vote as if they were living in the constituency in which they enlisted. The right to vote is conferred on the Hindus of British Columbia and also on Canadian Indians serving overseas.

NEW U. S. TRANSPORTATION SERVICE.

FOR HANDLING RED CROSS SUPPLIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

A Transportation Service has been created to handle the vast Red Cross supplies going to the Allies. Steamship companies and the Allied Governments have given free much of the necessary cargo space.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS' PENSIONS.

INCREASE ANNOUNCED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
OTTAWA, Aug. 27.
Recd. 7-55 p.m. Aug. 28.

Government has announced an increase of soldiers' pensions on the percentage basis from April in consideration of the increased cost of living in Canada.

DUKE OF WESTMINSTER.

APPOINTED SECOND IN COMMAND OF TANK BATTALION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

The Duke of Westminster has been appointed second in command of the Tank battalion.

RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE.

FUTILE ENEMY ATTACKS NEAR OCNA AND SOVEIA.

NAVAL RAID ON ORDU.

OFFICIAL BUILDINGS AND 11 MOTOR BOATS BLOWN UP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 27.
Recd. 8 a.m., Aug. 28.

A wireless Russian official communiqué says:—Enemy attacks south of Ocna and north-east of Soveia failed.

Co-operating with the Fleet we raided Ordu in the Black Sea. The enemy fired from hospitals.

We destroyed the official buildings and blew up eleven motorboats and seven felucces.

MOSCOW AGITATORS.

FAIL TO INCITE STRIKE AT PETROGRAD

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 28.
Recd. 4-45 p.m., Aug. 28.

The efforts of the Moscow agitators to incite a strike at Petrograd, have failed and work is uninterrupted except in a few factories.

MOSCOW CONFERENCE.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY'S PLAIN TALKING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
MOSCOW, Aug. 27
Recd 4-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

The Minister of Finance, M. Nekrassoff, addressing the Conference indulged in some plain talking. He pointed out the immense increase in paper money and admitted that the new regime was much costlier than the old and that the new administrative bodies were absorbing enormous sums. Financial difficulties were largely due to the increase of pay of workers and the reduction of revenue. He foreshadowed monopolies especially in tea.

WAR ANNIVERSARY IN ROUMANIA.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S TRIBUTE TO ROUMANIANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 27.
Recd. 8 a.m., Aug. 28.

The Press Bureau announces that Mr. Lloyd George has sent a message to the Premier of Roumania on the anniversary of her entry into the war paying a tribute to the Roumanians' courage and endurance in the cause of freedom against autocracy. This cause, he says, can never fail, however long its triumphs may be delayed. The re-creation of Roumania's Army and the resistance it is now making against the enemy under difficult conditions are a magnificent example of strength freedom inspires in a free people and also a proof of the Allied determination to win victory.

TRIAL OF GENERAL SHUKHOMLINOFF.

EVIDENCE OF GROSS NEGLECT BY LATE CHIEF OF GENERAL STAFF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 27.
Recd. 8 a.m., Aug. 28.

The trial of General Sukhomlinoff on various charges, including that of gross neglect of duties while Minister of War, is proceeding before the first jury empanelled in Russia. General Yanouschkevitch, formerly Chief of the General Staff, gave evidence and described the terrible plight of the Army owing to the almost complete lack of projectiles and rifles on the outbreak of the war. The accused disregarded hundreds of army requests for ammunition. The Germans taking advantage of their knowledge of the state of affairs, brought up the artillery close to the Russian positions and created fearful havoc in the ranks.

POSTPONEMENT OF TRIAL REFUSED.

SUKHOMLINOFF'S FORTUNE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 27.
Recd. 7-55 p.m. Aug. 28.

Asked in the course of the trial whether he possessed a fortune, Sukhomlinoff replied that he had only four hundred thousand roubles and his wife had nothing.

Sixty out of 130 witnesses have informed the Court that they are unable to come and give evidence. The defence asked for a postponement of the trial, but the Court refused.

LATEST CABLES.

MOSCOW CONFERENCE.

GENERAL KORNILOFF'S REMARKABLE SPEECH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 1-55 a.m., Aug. 29.

A feature of the great conference at Moscow was the remarkable speech by Generalissimo Korniloff, emphasising the disorganisation of the Russian army and outlining remedial measures. General Korniloff declared that death penalty was only a small part of what was necessary. He mentioned in this connection that in August some soldiers who had killed their officers had ceased outrages when they were threatened with shooting. Also that a regiment of Siberian rifles which had abandoned the Riga front had only returned when its extermination was ordered.

SITUATION AT THE FRONT.

General Korniloff continued, "We are implacably fighting anarchy. The situation at the front is so bad that we have lost the whole of Galicia and whole of Bukovina, all fruits of our recent victories. The enemy has crossed our frontier at several points and is threatening our fertile southern provinces. He is endeavouring to destory the Roumanian army and is knocking at the gates of Riga. "If the army does not help us to hold the shore of the Gulf of Riga, the road to Petrograd will be opened wide."

REMEDIAL MEASURES.

General Korniloff emphasised that the disorganisation of the army was due to the acts of the people completely ignorant of military affairs, and he urged the immediate adoption of remedial measures including the strengthening of authority of officers and non-coms, improvement of officers' pay and the forbidding of regimental committees to take part in decision regarding military operations or appointment of leaders. Similar measures must be applied to the rear.

The condition of railways was such that by November the army would not receive any supplies. The south-west front was at present almost famished. The output of guns and shells had fallen by sixty per cent and aeroplanes by eighty per cent. He compared this period with that from October 1916 to January 1917.

In conclusion, he believed that the genius of the Russians would save the country and the ancient glory of the army would be restored. (Prolonged cheers from everywhere except on extreme left.)

"OBSERVER" APPEAL.

ADMITTED IN CHIEF COURT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Aug. 28.

In the case of the "Observer," a local English bi-weekly, which suspended publication owing to the refusal of Mr. S. M. Jacob, District Magistrate, Lahore, to accept the declaration of its proprietor Khwaja Abad Shah as printer, an application for revision of Mr. Jacob's order was put in by Mr. Ghulam Rasul, Bar-at-Law, which came on to-day for preliminary hearing before the Hon. Mr. Justice Shadilal in the Chief Court. His Lordship after hearing Mr. Rasul admitted the case to the division bench in view of the importance of the point involved.

JHANSI STRIKE ENDS.

EMPLOYEES' GRIEVANCES REDRESSED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Aug. 28.

A wire from Jhansi says that the Loco Superintendent arrived on Saturday evening and personally met the workmen, whose demands were accepted and grievances redressed. The strikers resumed work yesterday morning.

MADRAS UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION ADDRESS,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 28.

The "Madras Mail" foreshadows delivery of this year's university Convocation address by an authority outside the categories from which speakers have hitherto been drawn, an innovation based on the recent practice of universities at Home.

Major Maung I.M.S., has assumed charg of the duties of Senior Medical Officer, Rangoon, from Major F. W. W. Dawson, R.A.M.C.

The members of the Sir D. M. Petit Parsi Gymkhana, Poona, on Sunday evening, entertained Sir Nowroji Vakil, at an evening party, at which an address was presented to the guest of the evening, congratulating him on the kinghthood conferred on him and thanking him for his many acts of generosity. There were many Parsi ladies and gentlemen present.

SPECIAL BEHAR CONGRESS.

DECLARATION OF GOVERNMENT POLICY DEMANDED.

MR. HASAN IMAM ON PRESENT SITUATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
PATNA, Aug. 27.

At a meeting of the Behar Provincial Congress Committee held yesterday Mrs. Besant's name was unanimously adopted for the Presidentship of the next session of the Indian National Congress.

A resolution was also passed favouring passive resistance within certain limits.

In the afternoon there was a sitting of the Behar Special Provincial Congress at which Mr. Hasan Imam who was proposed to the chair by Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha, presided. There were over 1,000 persons present, of whom about 400 delegates from other districts. In delivering his address the President after giving reasons for the holding of the session emphasised the need of political education of the people taking as his text a book called "Select passages on duty to the State", which has been published for the benefit of schoolboys, and an example of the way political knowledge is imparted. He thought that the infusing of young minds with the notion that they owed duties to the State without teaching them that the State also owed reciprocal duty to the subject, was not to fit young men to become self-respecting and useful citizens of the Empire. To the criticism that controversial measures should not be discussed during the war he answered that the Government of India were chiefly to be blamed inasmuch as they had introduced controversial measures, specially the Patna University Bill.

He also dealt at length on the many controversies and popular struggles in England and Ireland. There were signs of great upheavals in different parts of the Empire, but in India people had maintained a correct and well balanced mind during these years of trial.

ULTIMATE GOAL OF INDIA.

The ultimate goal of India was Home Rule. While welcoming the Secretary of State's declaration he deprecated the use of the expressions by him "the British Government and the Government of India must be the judges of the time and measures of each advance," the objection being to the Government of India being one of the judges.

The speaker then contrasted Mr. Montagu's statement with expression of sentiment by Mr. Lloyd George when dealing with the question of the final disposal of the German colonies after the war on the basis of the people's wishes. "Our capacity" Mr. Imam continued, "for each advance should be determined by the British parliament upon enquiries made by means of parliamentary committees in consultation with the representatives of the Congress and the League." He then quoted extracts from English newspapers of all shades of political opinion to show the extent to which the Indian bureaucracy was exposed in connection with the Mesopotamian expedition to well merited ridicule.

DECLARATION OF POLICY.

Dealing with the policy of repression Mr. Imam agreed with Sir Stanley Reed when he said "the time has come for the Government of India to place itself at the head of the best national forces in India to aver boldly and uncompromisingly that the attainment of Self-Government within the Empire is the great goal of its policy in India, that is proposes to take early and definite steps towards that end through the universal diffusion of education the expansion of local Self-Government, the establishment of effective provincial autonomy and the liberalisation of the Government of India itself.

Mr. Imam demanded the immediate revocation of the order of internment of Mrs. Besant and her associates.

He was grateful to Mr. Montagu for the promised reforms and for throwing open the commissioned ranks to Indians. He rejected the Islington and Gokhale reform schemes. The last three years had wrought such changes in the intellectual development by the people that the reforms suggested jointly by the Congress and the League must be the irreducible demands of Indians.

The speaker then concluded with a firm conviction that the demands of Indians will be acceded to in the near future.

Resolutions demanding the immediate liberation of Mrs. Besant and on other kindred subjects were passed and the meeting came to an end with a vote of thanks to the chair.

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION

	On 28-8-17	Up to Date.
	Rs.	Rs.
War Loan	200	3,14,650
War Bonds ..	7,775	10,53,900
Cash Certificates..	14,166-8	19,21,953-8
	22,141-8	33,90,503-8

A Rangoon Message says:—

Lieut.-Col. H. Robertson, in addition to the names sent, has also been awarded C.M.G., for service in Mesopotamia. Lieut.-Col. Robertson, was prior to leaving Rangoon in 1916 engineer, Royal Indian Marine, and previous to that engineer shipwright suveyer and Superintending Engineer to the Burma Government.

The following four officers' names are among the thirty-four recipients of the C.M.G., for services in Mesopotamia:—Brigadier-General O. W. Carey, Lieut.-Col. E. Burma, Lieut.-Col. H. E. C. Bayley Nepean, and Lieut.-Col. W. N. Campbell.

MESOPOTAMIA DEBATE.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S DEFENCE.

INDIA OFFICE AND THE WAR.

QUESTION OF RESPONSIBILITY.

TRIBUTE TO LORD HARDINGE.

Speaking in the House of Commons on July on the debate on the Mesopotamia Commission's Report Mr. Austen Chamberlain said that he was not going to follow his right hon. friend through the major portion of his speech, for a reason which would be immediately apparent to the House. He would venture to urge the House not to follow his example, and not to make the discussion of the Report of the Mesopotamia Commission, or what punitive or other action was to be taken upon it, the text for a great debate upon the future of the Indian Empire. (Commander Wedgwood: A good thing.)

THE QUESTION OF REFORM.

It was within the knowledge of the House, as it was of the Indian public, that the Government of India had sent home a despatch dealing with reforms in the political system of India which they recommended for adoption at the close of the war. That despatch was receiving the careful attention of his Majesty's Government, whose many other preoccupations had necessarily interfered with their giving attention to it. He hoped that it would be possible before long to make a statement to the House on the subject. He was certain that nothing but injury could come to the national and Imperial and Indian interests by mixing up a debate on a military breakdown or alleged military mismanagement with the whole question of the whole future fabric of the Indian Government. There was another observation which he had to offer upon the speech of the right hon. gentleman. He listened, might he say with gratitude, to the words in which he spoke both of General Sir John Nixon and the late Viceroy, Lord Hardinge. He would like at once to associate himself with everything that he said. (Cheers.) He hoped that appeals like his would do something to secure that great servants when their conduct came under discussion should have that patient hearing and fair judgment which was given to the meanest man before a jury of his fellow-countrymen. (Hear, hear.)

RESIGNATION OF OFFICE ANNOUNCED.

For himself, he spoke that day under circumstances of some difficulty. It was quite obvious that the Report of the Mesopotamia Commission could not be left where it stood. There might be, and there were, differences in this House as to the tribunal to which should be remitted the decision whether action ought to be taken against any of those named. The whole House thought that a judicial tribunal must try that question. That decision he did not for one moment dispute, but it necessarily carried with it another decision. He was named in the Report, apart from his colleagues—with whom he acted in common and whose responsibility was sole and undivided in other matters—where the Commission administered rebuke or censure, and it was not possible that he should continue the head of that office in which his conduct had been censured, while such conduct might at any moment be called in question by the judicial tribunal to which these matters were to be referred. Accordingly, his resignation, his final resignation, was in the hands of the Prime Minister, and he was speaking from the Treasury bench because, owing to his Majesty's absence from London on public work, it had been impossible to take his Majesty's pleasure upon it. With that personal explanation of his position he would proceed at once to deal with some of the matters on which he thought the House had a right to call for a statement from him.

INDIA OFFICE AND THE WAR.

He could not traverse all the issues raised in this Report, and he might omit matters to which hon. members attached importance; but there were some matters on which he clearly ought to make a statement and he would make it as directly as he could. In the first place, he would like to explain what was the part played by the India Office in this war. The Commission had found that "the division of responsibility between the India Office and India was unworkable." He would like the House to realise exactly what that division of responsibility was. The Secretary of State for India, whether the office was held by his predecessor or by himself, acted in relation to the campaign in Mesopotamia as the spokesman and mouthpiece of his Majesty's Government. His Majesty's Government reserved to themselves the right to control the object and to limit the scope of the operations. But the India Office was not organised, and no one had ever pretended it was organised, to conduct military operations and it never attempted to do so. And according to that supreme control exercised by the Secretary of State on behalf of and by direction of his Majesty's Government, the management, the conduct of the campaign and of the forces, was entrusted to the government of the military authorities in India. In his judgment—and he could imagine in the judgment of everybody—it would have been better if from the first the control exercised on behalf of his Majesty's Government had been vested in the General Staff or the Army Council. (Cheers.) They had skilled advice and organisation and resources which were not at the service of the India Office. The House must remember that in the early months of the war the General Staff was not constituted as it was now—(hear, hear)—that it was disorganised when war broke out, and that there was much less reason for making a change then than at a later period. He was not going to dispute for one moment that it would have been better that the home control should have been exercised through the General Staff and the Army Council. All he was concerned to say at this moment was that control of that kind must be exercised by somebody, and that it was impossible to admit that an outlying administration of the Empire should conduct a campaign in the midst of this war, without any central authority to co-ordinate its undertakings and its efforts and resources available elsewhere. Somebody had got to do that work. In the circumstances of the time it fell to the India Office to do it on behalf of his Majesty's Government.

INITIATION OF THE CAMPAIGN.

With that preliminary observation he turned at once to the military operations themselves. He was not going to dwell upon the earlier part of the campaign. The initiation of the campaign was not challenged, and the operations of that time were not criticised by the Commission. On the contrary, they said that in the operations up to Kut-el-Amara the campaign had been brilliantly executed and extremely successful. (Hear, hear.) Yes, but under whom? Under General Sir John Nixon, who, taking his march from success to success, deserved every word of praise uttered amid the cheers of this House. It was not necessary to say anything about those operations. But one observation he must make as to the part played in regard to them by a distinguished general officer who served under Lord Crewe and himself at the India Office—General Sir Edmund Barrow. The Commission had not charged, but elsewhere he had seen it charged, that the Secretary of the Military Department of the India Office went outside his proper functions and obtruded his advice upon the Secretary of State in the papers which he laid before his predecessor and himself. He would observe on that that under any circumstances it was in this early part of the campaign where the operations were declared by the Commission to have been brilliantly successful that the influence of Sir Edmund Barrow was most felt, for it was during that time, as the Commission had said, that the initiative rested with the authorities at home. He wished it were possible that he could lay before the House in full all those appreciations submitted by General Barrow which the Commission had covered in a couple of lines, or of which they professed to give an account in a single paragraph. If he could, they would do honour to the judgment of Sir Edmund Barrow, and they would earn him, not censure, but praise. He coul only say, for his part, that he was grateful to him for the assistance that he gave from first to last, and he counted himself fortunate in having had such an adviser in those critical times. The idea that he was going outside his functions in advising the Secretary of State was a preposterous idea. The Secretary of the Military Department in the India Office was not the Military Secretary in the narrow sense of the War Office organisation. He was the principal adviser of the Secretary of State for India in military matters, and it was his duty to give advice to the Secretary of State in these matters even if it had not been expressly asked, as it was by his predecessor and himself, in order that they might first inform themselves and then inform the Cabinet.

ADVANCE FROM KUT.

But it was not that part of the operations which interested the House, or on which the action of Ministers was criticised. The gravamen of the charge, the point on which he imagined the House desired explanation, was as to the advance from Kut-el-Amara towards Bagdad, which ended at Ctesiphon. He was going to give the House as clear an account as he could of the advice which the Government received and of the steps which they took, and he would then submit to the judgment of the House the conduct of those who ordered the advance to take place. If he quoted the opinions of military officers he begged the House to understand from the first that he did not do so to criticise them or to blame them for the advice which they gave. They might have been mistaken or they might not. If they were, they were mistaken with a singular unanimity. But at any rate he was not to be held as throwing the slightest blame on any one of these officers if he told the House exactly and fairly what was the advice which was received from them.

Sir John Nixon had been authorised to take Kut. His instructions limited his advance to that point. Kut was occupied by General Townshend on September 28, and he at once pushed on in hot pursuit of the beaten Turks. He did not for a moment question the propriety of his action. It was obviously right to make the utmost use of the success which he had won. But on October 2 Sir John Nixon reported that the column had been beset by navigation difficulties throughout the day, and on October 3 that there was now no chance of stampeding the remainder of the retreating Turks. The Commission had lost sight of the date of this telegram of October 3, and appeared to have divided that telegram into two. They gave the latter part of it as if it were a distinct telegram sent earlier than the statement that there was no chance of stampeding the retreating Turks. That statement was made on October 3. In that same telegram Sir John Nixon added that he considered he was strong enough to open the road to Bagdad, and that from a military point it was highly desirable to do so, and for that purpose he proposed to concentrate at Azizieh. On receipt of the earlier message, and before receiving this later telegram, he telegraphed for further information as to Sir John Nixon's telegram, stating that if on account of navigation difficulties there was no probability of overtaking and smashing the retreating enemy, there was no object in continuing the pursuit, and that the orders limiting his operation to Kut still held good. He issued that order on his own responsibility, understanding, and acting upon the understanding, that no reinforcements could be made available for Sir John Nixon's force, and believing and being advised that it would be unsafe to proceed farther unless reinforcements could follow.

GERMAN DANGER IN PERSIA.

On the same day he reported the matter to the Cabinet. The views of the Cabinet were conveyed in an official telegram printed on page 22, paragraph 11 of the Report, in an incomplete form. As printed it ran: "If forces available are sufficient to take and hold place political reasons are thought to make occupation desirable." Here the House would see a blank. He must fill in the missing words in order that the House might know what these political reasons were. The political reasons were that the occupation was desirable because it would isolate the Germans in Persia. He begged the House to note the effect of the omission and the use which had been made of it. (Cheers.) At this time the Russian Army had suffered a severe reverse, and the situation in Persia, where the German emissaries were acting, gave cause for grave disquiet. He need not press on the attention of the House the effect which the situation in Persia might have had farther East. The Cabinet then appointed an inter-departmental Committee to consider the situation. On October 5 Sir John Nixon replied to his enquiry as to his intentions in a long and reasoned telegram, which he must say was very imperfectly represented by the few lines extracted from it in the Report of the Commission. He repeated the information that he was strong enough to advance. He stated that he could overcome the navigation difficulties which had detained General Townshend, and that he believed he could destroy the Turkish force at Ctesiphon, where it was concentrated and constituted a threat to his own force. He urged that this was clearly desirable on military grounds, and that he could see no reason which would justify us in failing to make use of such an opportunity. He added that from a military point of view, and apart from all political considerations, it was vital in order to deprive the Turks of the resources of Bagdad, which was a focus of their lines of communication and a great centre of supplies. A comparison of the full text of this telegram with the brief extract given in the Report would show that the Report did justice neither to its force nor to the cogency of its reasoning.

PARAPHRASED TELEGRAMS.

The Report mentions an explanatory private telegram of the Viceroy on the same day. But an official telegram was sent on October 6, the next day, which was not alluded to in the Report—and it was strange that the Commissioners should have chosen a private telegram which they disliked so much and not have given the official telegram. This message repeated a further communication from Sir John Nixon in which for the first time he enquired whether his forces could be reinforced by another division from France in order that when he had occupied Bagdad he might be in a position to hold it. The Government of India expressed their concurrence in this telegram and in the importance attached to Bagdad in view of the German activity in Persia, the increasing pressure on Afghanistan, and conditions in the Balkans and the Dardanelles. These were the political considerations which preoccupied both them and us. They were, therefore, in favour of authorising the advance provided that at least an additional division could be despatched to Mesopotamia from the European theatre of war in order to make good the position when carried. The House would observe that Sir John Nixon had asked for one additional division, not in order to enable him to take Bagdad, but to ensure that he could hold it; and the Government of India, in expressing general concurrence with his views, stated that at least one division was necessary for this purpose. However desirable we might consider the capture of Bagdad, we did not desire to undertake it with insufficient forces. In order to make sure that the forces at Sir John Nixon's disposal were adequate to the task he sent him a telegram on October 8 which was printed on page 23 of the Report. The paraphrase printed in the Blue-book gave a wrong impression. It was printed:—"To both occupy and hold Bagdad what addition to your present force are you confident will be necessary?" In other words, the stress was laid on the fact that he was to be confident that he needed reinforcements before he asked for them.

Lord Hugh Cecil, interposing, pointed out that these paraphrases were the work of some one at the India Office.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that this was so and that it was a bad paraphrase. He did not suggest that the Commissioners themselves were personally responsible. But he never saw the paraphrase until it appeared in the Report, whereas it was to be presumed that the Commissioners did see it when they signed their Report.

NO INFORMATION WITHHELD.

The Commissioners had before them, in original, every telegram that was sent; in fact, no scrap of information so far as he knew was withheld from the Commission. He could not, of course, give the exast words of that telegram, but their real sense was this: not "You must be confident that you require these numbers before you ask," but "But what addition to your present force will make you confident of your power both to take and hold Bagdad?" He repeated this telegram to the Government of India, and on the same day he telegraphed privately to the Viceroy, as stated in the Blue-book, that the Cabinet was so impressed by the great political and military advantages of the occupation of Bagdad that every effort would be made to supply the force that was necessary, adding that they did not wish to attempt it with an insufficient force, and that he would be glad to know if he would be satisfied if one division were sent. In reply Sir John Nixon repeated that he was confident of his power to take Bagdad with his then force, but that to hold it he would require another division and a regiment of cavalry, if the Turks thereafter were to concentrate large forces against him. (Mr. Asquith: One dibision?) One division, not to take Bagdad, but to hold it. The Viceroy stated that he and the Commander-in-Chief thought that the General on the spot was in the best position to judge what force was necessary, and they accepted his view. Reviewing the situation, the Cabinet decided that if an additional division would suffice, Sir John Nixon should have it.

On October 14 the position was further discussed by the War Council or the Committee of the Cabinet. It had been the intention of the Government to mae the two Indian infantry divisions in France available as a reinforcement of Sir John Nixon, but a question was raised as to the sufficiency even of this force to enable him to hold Bagdad securely. In these circumstances the War Cabinet decided to obtain a report from the combined General Staff, the highest and most skilled military and naval advice which they could get. At an earlier stage, when political considerations had greater weight, an inter-departmental committee was appointed by the Government to look into the question; and on this committee the officers immediately concerned and the War Office and the Admiralty were represented. But, as the military problem became the more important, and as it was clear that the decision must really turn upon the military question and the adequacy of reinforcements, the Committee was supplemented and practically superseded by this reference to the General Staff.

The Commission had dealt at great length with the inter-departmental committee; they passed very lightly over the report of the combined General Staff which was received on October 20, and considered by the War Committee on the following day. It stated that the occupation of Bagdad within the next few weeks should be a perfectly feasible task. The question, they said, was not one of getting there, but whether we could remain there, and the problem to be examined was not so much what the opposing belligerents could effect in this theatre of war at the time as what they could effect from the following December up to the end of the present war. They estimated that Sir John Nixon had only some 9,000 Turks and some irregulars to deal with for the next few months; that this force might be somewhat increased at the end of the year, and might conceivably reach a total of 60,000 at the end of January, and even larger figures during 1916. They held, however, that while the capture of Bagdad was a perfectly feasible military proposition, it would, from a military point of view, be unwise to occupy it unless the military authorities had power to withdraw the troops without regard to political considerations if military exigencies should at any time make this necessary.

VICEROY'S CONSIDERED OPINION.

This appreciation, as already stated, was considered by the Committee on the morning of October 21. While the Committee was sitting he learned that a telegram giving the full and considered opinion of the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief had just been received, and the discussion was adjourned until the afternoon so that it might be before the members. This telegram discussed the various courses open. The Viceroy stated that the Government of India was in complete agreement with the Government here as to the importance of capturing and occupying Bagdad, and that they saw no difficulty in this provided that the reinforcement of two divisions reached Mesopotamia within two months. Sir John Nixon considered that even without reinforcements his army would be safer north of Bagdad than in Kut, and the Government of India, though opposed to the occupation of Bagdad unless reinforcements were forthcoming, felt that the military situation was such that it might at any time become necessary to take the risk and to occupy Bagdad even without reinforcements.

CABINET'S DECISION.

The Cabinet then decided that reinforcements of two divisions of infantry and a regiment of cavalry should be sent, the cavalry being supplied from India, and that General Nixon should be given orders to advance. The Viceroy had spoken strongly of the disadvantages of giving up Bagdad after once occupying it. That this was a possibility which must be taken into account was shown by the report of the General Staff, and in these circumstances the Cabinet authorised him to put that point to the Viceroy explicitly before giving the final order. He did so in a private telegram of October 21, which dealt with 60,000 Turks. He had seen two main criticisms of that communication. The Commission themselves had said that the information thus conveyed of the possible concentration at the end of January of 60,000 Turks introduced a new factor into the situation, one which ought at once to have been forwarded to Sir John Nixon, and they had blamed both the failure to convey the information to him and the use of a private telegram in this connexion for conveying it to the Viceroy.

He must say at once that it was not and never has been supposed to be the duty of the India Office to convey military intelligence to India. That was done by the War Office, who had their own organisation for the purpose of doing it—(Hear, hear,)—and from first to last no military intelligence had ever been sent on its own initiative. No military intelligence had been provided by the India Office at all; that had been left to the people entrusted with the task, namely, the War Office. This was not information of any known or reported movement. It was an estimate of what might conceivably occur three months or more after the time with which the Cabinet were dealing, three months later. A possible concentration of these forces in January could not affect the success or failure of the immediate operations for the capture of Bagdad, which actually took place in November. It could only affect our power to retain possession of Bagdad at a later time. The estimate was not, therefore, material to the question of Sir John Nixon's advance, but only to the question of the reinforcements which he would require thereafter, and if the intelligence department had not sent this particular estimate out to Mesopotamia, it was because it was not intelligence and because it was an appreciation of a possible situation hereafter which there would be time enough to check before ever it arose and which did not affect the operations in which Sir John Nixon was then engaged.

(To be Continued.)

LORD WILLINGDON AT POONA.

DECLARES Y M. C. A. ARMY BRANCH OPEN.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Aug. 28.

His Excellency Lord Willingdon, this evening, paid a visit to the Connaught Institute where he declared the army branch of the Y. M. C. A. open. Lieut-General Sir Charles Anderson, Major General Tighe, the Rev. and Mrs. Arthur. Mr. Napier, the Surgeon-General and Mrs. Lyon, Col. and Mrs. Jennings and many other ladies and gentlemen were present. The proceedings opened with Surgeon-General R. W. Lyons reading an address

Surgeon-General Lyons after thanking his Excellency for coming to open the institution said he regretted that considerations of health had prevented Lady Willingdon from performing the ceremony as was originally intended. However, he was sure all would wish for her speedy return and complete restoration to health. The speaker then went on to say that it was only since the war that the Y. M. C. A. had been organised and developed. On 1st April, 1916 the National Council of India, Ceylon had taken over the work of the local committee The association had no home until it moved to its present premises in the Connaught Institute and the first grant of 4,000 and subsequent one of 10,400 from the Council made it possible to carry out extensive improvements in the building which owed its existence as a social club to the efforts of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught. Before concluding, Surgeon-General Lyons asked his Excellency's assistance in providing funds for the new writing room and electric lights and fans.

MRS. CURTIS' SPEECH.

Mrs. Curtis who followed said that as speeches seldom came her way she must ask his Excellency and her audience to be very lenient with her. While as president of the Ladies Committee she said a few words as to the cause of their meeting there that day. Any one seeing the prosperous appearance of the institute now and comparing it with the desolate dejected air it were two months ago would realise in a flash how great was her Excellency Lady Willingdon's work in originating the plan by which the whole place should be put in order. Several lady helpers had indicated many urgent needs both in the canteen and other parts of the building and her ladyship suggested that a committee of three ladies should put these reforms in hand at once. The committee gave their consent at once to the proposal and a very generous grant of Rs. 10,000 was allotted by the Bombay branch of the Imperial Indian Relief Fund so that they were able to begin their work immediately. After enumerating the various improvements that had been effected, Mrs. Curtis on behalf of Mrs. Keatinge, Major Bainbridge and herself expressed their sincere thanks to the Committee for their kindly support. She likewise thanked all the lady helpers and concluded by asking his Excellency to declare the hall open.

LORD WILLINGDON'S RESPONSE.

Lord Willingdon next rose to respond and was received with warm applause. His Excellency said that in the first place he had to thank them all for the very kind expressions and charming remarks regarding Lady Willingdon. They all knew the cause of her absence there that day and he would take the earliest opportunity of letting her know. It seemed to him as if there was an intrigue against his Excellency wherever he went. He was thanked for his warm presence, he was described as the most wonderful provider ever known (loud laughter). If he was the best provider ever known he certainly thought that Surgeon-General Lyons was the very best beggar (laughter). But he would mention that his firm had given Rs. 10,000 already. He was anxious to give them everything that would make them comfortable, electric light and other things. He had to thank the members of the Young Men's Christian Association. It was only a week ago that he was in Bombay opening two temporary huts and he was very pleased to be there that evening to declare the building open for the use and benefit of the soldiers. (Loud applause). He thanked Mrs. Curtis and all those charming ladies who, he understood were always standing by the bar waiting to provide for the wants of those men who had come in from parade and duties (laughter). At first he thought it would not be bad if the Governor could join a regiment (laughter) and enjoy himself as they did with such charming attendants (loud laughter). One thing he wanted them to understand was that so far as they could they would do their best to enable them to live comfortably while they were in this presidency. He cold only say that if there was anything more they could do they would be delighted to do it. No doubt many of the young fellows that come here feel that they are at a rather loose end in the Bombay presidency if they had not some place like this as a rendezvous. They wanted them to be so mindful that when they went home it would remind them of what the people of the Bombay presidency had done and in that view he had great pleasure in declaring the institute open, and he hoped that it would be a pleasure and benefit to all military men who might come there in future.

This ended the proceedings, Lord Willingdon shortly after going round to inspect the buildings.

INDIAN MOTOR CYCLISTS FOR I. D. F.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Everyone is anxious to make the Indian Defence Force a great success. About four of us have joined the University Infantry Company. A small body of motor cyclists is required. They are expected to provide their own machines. My friends and myself can drive motor cycles and believe we would be of more use to the Empire there than in the infantry. We do not possess the necessary machines. A good motor cycle suitable for the purpose would cost about Rs. 600. After three months service on a low valuation it would sell for Rs. 600. May I appeal through your paper to the rich philanthrophists of Bombay such as Sir Shapurji Bharucha, Sir Dorab Tata and others to follow the example of the rich Bengal Zamindars who have provided homes for the cavalry regiment in that province? Or will not the rich motoring companies who have been enjoying exceptional prosperity of late do the needful. Hopeful of a quick response.—Yours, etc.,

"ONE IN WANT."

TERRITORIAL SOLDIERS IN INDIA.

CONTEMPLATED EMPLOYMENT AFTER THE WAR.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 27.

Papers welcome the suggestion that the Territorial soldiers at present in India should be invited to stay here after the war to enter civilian employment. Many of the Territorials are skilled mechanics and there is considerable demand in India for service of such men particularly when they have grown used to the climate. The European Association is opening a register for them.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY CORPS.

EFFORTS TO COMPLETE RECRUITMENT.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 27.

The Hon. Dr. Devaprasad Sarbadhikary, Vice-Chancellor, presided this evening over a meeting of the students of the Calcutta colleges to consider the question of recruitment in the Calcutta University Corps. Eight hundred young men of the University have applied already for enlistment and the total number required for a corps is one thousand. The Vice-Chancellor hoped that the corps will be completed soon and suggested that the Government should extend their time limit and give some more time for the formation of the corps.

Mr. Surendranath Banerjea and Mr. Eardley Norton made fervent appeals to the students to come forward and prove by their actions that they really belong to the Empire and were prepared to share its burdens. Over a hundred students enlisted on the spot.

Vigorous efforts are made to complete the corps before to-morrow evening.

LAST DAY OF RECRUITMENT.

CALCUTTA AND DEFENCE FORCE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug .28.

To-day was the last day fixed by the Government of India for enlistment in the Indian section of the Defence Force. Bengal with Assam was called upon to give one thousand men. The total number of applications for enlistment received up till 3 p.m. to-day was provisionally 1,280. This figure includes 835 undergraduates who have joined the Calcutta University Corps and the 295 applications for admission to the Bengal Light Horse. Muffasal figures are not yet fully available. The promoters hope that Calcutta figures added to the muffasal figures will come up to one thousand after rejections in medical examination which they put approximately at thirty-three per cent.

ALLAHABAD UNIVERSITY CORPS.

APPLICATIONS FOR ENROLMENT.

(Associated Press.)

CAWNPORE, Aug. 27.

Twelve students of the Christ Church College and two teachers of the collegiate school, presented themselves to-day before the District Magistrate for enrolment in the Allahabad University Corps of the Indian Defence Force. Some of those who applied for enrolment are awaiting the sanction of their guardians and parents. If further time is allowed for enrolment there is no doubt that many more will offer themselves.

MORE RECRUITS.

LUCKNOW, Aug. 28.

At a public meeting held at Canning College to get recruits for the Allahabad University Company of the Indian Defence Force, the Hon. Mr. S. H. Fremantle explained the new conditions for recruitment and announced that candidates who enrolled could withdraw their applications at any time before 6th September. The meeting was adressed in eloquent terms by the Hon. Mirza Samiullah Beg, Pundit Gokaran Nath Misra and Mr. Syed Wazir Hussain. In addition to applications already received by the Deputy Commissioner one hundred applications for enrolment by the end of the meeting from the students of Canning College and Reid Christian College.

G. H. C. STUDENTS IN DEFENCE FORCE.

(Associated Press.)

BENARES, Aug. 27.

About fifty Central Hindu College students have enrolled in the Indian Defence Force, Bengalies taking the largest share.

FIRST MADRAS INFANTRY.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Aug. 28.

Particulars are published by the Madras Government to-day regarding the formation of the company of the Indian Defence Force to be designated 1st Madras Infantry (I.D.F.), which was recently sanctioned by the Government of India. It will be attached for administration, discipline and training to the Carnatic infantry at Trichinopoly. The permanent staff includes two British officers and the company itself consists of 4 havildars, 4 naicks and 242 sepoys. Pay and allowance will be as laid down for the Indian army and arrangements have been made for special messing establishment etc. Favilities will be granted to applicants for enrolment in regard to free railway conveyance, detention allowance etc. The company is to serve for three months only.

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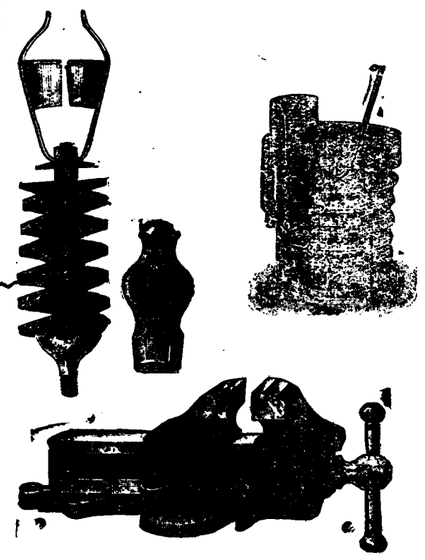

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CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, August 21.

The following casualties are announced:—

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut W J W McCulloch, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut T McGregor, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut C S Mennes, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut J R C Mackey, Lancasters.
SecondLieut D Mckie, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut L McMaster, Irish Rifles.
Captain D McVicker, Medicals.
Second-Lieut W B Maitland, Gordons.
Second-Lieut R S Maitland Edwards, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut F A Major, Northamptons.
Second-Lieut W Marchbank, Black Watch.
Lieut C S Marriott, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Captain W A Martin, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut C D Maule, Machinegun Corps.
Lieut G W Mawer, Machinegun Corps.
Captain P G Mayer, Rifle Brigade.
Captain H L Mercer, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut C H Merriman, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut W A Messenger, Royal Fusiliers.
Major W H B Mirrlees, Field Artillery.
Captain G McCkett, Irish Rifles.
Major J M Mood, Dublins.
Second-Lieut C K Morgan, Welsh Regiment.
Major W H Morgan, Engineers.
Lieut J J S Morton Robertson, Royal Scots.
Captain G C Munday, Machinegun Corps.
Captain E V B Murphy, Irish Rifles.
Lieut F W Nappier, Sussex.
Second-Lieut C T D Neal, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut W M Neilson, Camerons.
Second-Lieut A P B Newman, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C Nixon, Field Artillery.
Captain S Norie-Miller, Black Watch.
Lieut-Col. P W North, Berkshires.
Lieut F J Oatts, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut N T O'Connell, Machineguns Corps.
Lieut G Ostle, Lancasters
Second-Lieut J C Oswald, Field Artillery.
Captain T C Outram, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut H Parker, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut G Parkin, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut W R M Parry, Manchesters.
Lieut F S Parsons, Oxford and Bucks.
Second-Lieut H R P Patterson, Machinegun Corps.
Captain R G Pearse, Sherwoods.
Major A H Peskett, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W G Phillips, Welsh Regiment.
Captain G E Pilkington, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut W Pinch, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut L W J Pinnock, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut C A Price, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut F E Priestland, Sherwoods.
Captain J H T Priestman, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut H Pumphrey, Cheshires.
Lieut A F Purvis, Scots Guards.
Second-Lieut W H Radcliffe, Devons.
Lieut-Col. A H Radice, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut S H Randall, Border Regiment.
Lieut C L Ravenscroff, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut L H Rawcliffe, Liverpools.
Captain C H R Reed, Leinsters.
Second-Lieut J M L Renton, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut E A Richardson, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut C H Roberts, Engineers.
Second-Lieut H Roberts, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut H Roberts, Machinegun Corps.
Captain J Ross, Medicals.
Second-Lieut L M Ross, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut S E A Royle, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut E Russell, Durhams.
Second-Lieut V F B Sanders, Yorkshires.
Lieut C L Saul, Machineguns Corps.
Second-Lieut W D Scott, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut P Shenton, Manchesters.
Lieut J C Sheppard, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut P A Shone, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J M Short, East Lancs.
Second-Lieut E H Simpson, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut G G Simpson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Simpson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G N D Sinclair, Argylls
Second-Lieut T A Skinner, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut A E Smith, Machinegun Corps.
Lieut L C Smith, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut R C Smith, Scots Fusiliers
Second-Lieut W C Snelling, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieut A G Stedman, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut C W Stewart, Seaforths.
Second-Lieut T D Stock, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C H Stone, Cheshires.
Lieut T W Stubbs, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut K H M Sutton, Grenadiers.
Captain D A Syme, Cavalry Special Reserve.
Second-Lieut A K Taylor, Lancasters.
Lieut-Colonel H J Taylor, Durhams.
Major W B Telling, Fied Artillery.
Lieut-Colonel J G Thom, Gordons.
Second-Lieut R T Thornley, North Lancs.
Second-Lieut W J Thorogood, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut R R Trail, Garrison Artillery.
Captain C W Treherne, Medicals.
Second-Lieut J Trotter, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut F Turner, Camerons.
Captain J F G Turner, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut H Tyldsley, North Lancs.
Second-Lieut S H Tyson, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut S H Veats, York and Lancs.
Lieut A C Walker, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut M L Walkington, Lincolns.
Lieut S L Wallis, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut S H Warman, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut C H Watson, Liverpools.
Captain C F Weber, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut A J Webster, Cheshires.
Lieut C L Wemyss, Bedfords.
Lieut F S West, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A E Wheatley, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut R G Wheatley, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut R C White, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut M Wild, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut L E H Williams, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut A S W Willis, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut H N Wills, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut H Wilson, Gordons.
Second-Lieut F O E Worfolk, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut G H W Wright, Trench Mortar.
Second-Lieut A Yeadon, Engineers.
Lieut E Yeardley, Machinegun Corps.
Captain D Yorke, Welsh Regiment.
Second-Lieut J Young, Northahmptons.
Second-Lieut J H B Young, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut R C Young, Machinegun Corps.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Lieut D L L Craig, Field Artillery.

MISSING BELIEVED WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut J F Rennie, Field Artillery.

MISSING.

Lieut C H Beldam, Cambridge.
Captain C V M Simpson, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut H M S Skeffington, Flying Corps.

OFFICIAL CORRECTIONS WOUNDED PRISONER.

Captain H Stokes, Medicals should read Captain Harry Stokes, Medicals.

The following casualties are announced.—

LONDON, Aug. 13.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Captain W H D Bell, Cavalry Special Reserve.
Second-Lieut A C Bigg, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut E W R Blake, Somersets.
Captain F E Bodel, Liverpools.
Lieut B V Brocklebank, Coldstreams.
Captain E Brodrick, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut R A Budden, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut A J Bush, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut E W Cain, Wiltshires.
Captain C C Carruthers, Camerons.
Second-Lieut L O Chapman, Rifle Brigade.
Lieut R S Chibnall, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut E S Collins, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut R H Conochie, Scottish Borderers.
Lieut W E W Cottle, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut S E Ditchfield, Scottish Borderers
Captain H S Duder, Liverpools.
Lieut J Duncan, Highland L. I.
Lieut A S Edwards, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut S H Field, South Lancashires.
Lieut A A Fisher Smith, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut F Fullerton, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut E N Goldspink, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut W J Graham, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut D Green, Machine-gun Corps.
Second-Lieut J H C Grierson, Gordons.
Second-Lieut F W Hambley, East Lancashires.
Second-Lieut N L Hart, Machine-gun Corps.
Captain J Hislop, Camerons.
Second-Lieut G H S Hopkins, Machine-gun Corps.
Captain A H Hudson, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut W S Hunter, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut C L Hutchinson, East Lancashires.
Lieut R N Jones, Northamptons.
Captain J H Joseph, Liverpools.
Rev J Kellie, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut F A Lane, Liverpools.
Captain E Leitch, Argyll and Sutherlands.
Second-Lieut A H Levy, Field Artillery.
Captain John H Logan, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut H McDonnell, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut G MacMillan, East Lancashires.
Major R Mallinson, Cheshires.
Captain G E Martin, Cheshires.
Lieut J Y Milne-Henderson, Highland L. I.
Second-Lieut O W Nicholl-Care, Welsh Regiment.
Captain F J O'Brien, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut C J Pleasance, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut D B Priestly, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut P Reicharot, East Lancashires.
Second-Lieut D Robertson, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut H P Robinson, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut A C Savage, Suffolks.
Lieut G H H Slater, Camerouians.
Second-Lieut W H V Smith, East Lancashires.
Second-Lieut E J Solomon, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut E H Southcomb, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut A C Spark, Gordons.
Second-Lieut C E T Stafford, Highland L. I.
Second-Lieut H G Tarrant, Berkshires.
Captain A S Taylor, Medicals.
Second-Lieut H B Teasdale, York and Lancasters.
Lieut I. C Thomson, Middlesex.
Lieut M Thrupp, Grenadiers.
Lieut H S Tindall, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut G E Truly, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut B Waidron, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut C W Wallis, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut W K Walton, Durhams.
Second-Lieut G W Watson, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut C B Wenden, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut R Willet, Lancashire Fusiliers.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED AND MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut W Duff, Highland L. I.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut J M Bannatyne, Highland L. I.
Lieut A G Bloomer, Lincolns.
Captain J G Cunliffe, Manchesters.
Lieut W J Dashwood, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut S G Davies, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut A A Enderby, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut E Gordon-Jones, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut B C Isaacs, Machine-gun Corps.
Second-Lieut T Johnson, Machine-gun Corps.
Second-Lieut H Lee, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut F Lewis, Machine-gun Corps.
Second-Lieut D S F Mackenzie, Field Artillery.
Major R J McLaren, West Yorkshires.
Captain C W Mapplebeck, North Staffords.
Second-Lieut E J Millard, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut A Michell, Leinsters.
Lieut S S Motion, Northamptons.
Second-Lieut E N Perham, Worcesters.
Lieut W J Porter, Leinsters.
Second-Lieut W L Prentice, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut C S Shaw, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut H L Stacey, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut L O Strange, Essex Regiment.
Second-Lieut T R H Webb, King's Royal Rifles.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Major S A Killagher, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W D Saddler, East Surreys.

WOUNDED.

Lieut J Acnew, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut A Aley, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J A Allan, Scots Fusiliers.
Lt-Col J B Allsopp, South Lancashires.
Lieut C H Asbury, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut R Atkinson, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut H P Bailey, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut D J B Bamber, East Lancashires.
Second-Lieut A A Barrett, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut E C Batchelor, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut B H Baxter, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut D D Beaton, Highland L. I.
Second-Lieut H Beesley, Lancashiro Fusiliers.
Captain A B Bell, East Lancashires.
Second-Lieut H T Bell, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C G Benstead, Londons.
Lieut R C Bolingbroke, Suffolks.
Captain J Bourke, Leinsters.
Lieut J F F Bowers, Highland L. I.
Second-Lieut A A Bowes, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut D C Boyce, Gordons.
Second-Lieut N K Boyd, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut E E Bradshaw, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W G Brittle-Bank, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut A H S Broomfield, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut E J Brown, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut W Brown, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut A L Burke, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A D Cairns, Argylls.
Rev W L B Caley, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut C E Chaplyn, Essex.
Captain F B Chavasse, Medicals.
Second-Lieut C L Childs, Border Regiment.
Captain R J M Christie, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut H A Cleveland, York and Lancs.
Second-Lieut C Coburn, Rifle Corps.
Lieut Hon V A W B Cochrane-Baillie, Scots Guards.
Lieut A W H Cooper, Camerons.
Second-Lieut T Cornes, Liverpools.
Lieut H Cottam, South Wales Borderers
Second-Lieut E T Courtney, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut T W Cowap, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut W H Cox, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain G L Crandon, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut J Crompton, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut G E Curry, Yeomanry.
Lt R de P Dallin, Engineers.
Lieut H H Davenport, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut E Davies, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut H A Davies, Machine-gun Corps.
Second-Lieut G C Dawson, York and Lancs.
Lieut R N Dewar, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut A B Dickson, Scottish Borderers.
Major A K Digby, Field Artillery.
Lieut T Dixon, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut A C B Dodd, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieut C P Drover, Gordons.
Second-Lieut A V Dyson, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut R N D Earwaker, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut E M Easterby, North Lancs.
Captain G E Elkington, Medicals.
Second-Lieut C Elliott, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut H W Essen, Gordons.
Lieut A O Fairgrieve, Machine-gun Corps.
Second-Lieut H F Fallaw, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut H G Faulkner, Machine-gun Corps.
Captain W J C Faux, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut C G Field, Liverpools.
Lieut F M Fisher, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut A Fleck, Scots Fusiliers.
Captain F S Fletcher, Medicals.
Second-Lieut F A Forster, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut J C Forsyth, Field Artillery.
Captain A W Galsworthy, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut W Gardiner, Gordons.
Lieut E G Gardner, Gloucesters.
Second-Lieut C J Garner, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Gaulter, Lancasters.

(Continued on page 10.)

The Beauty of Health

THOSE captivating charms which constitute the Beauty of Health are denied to women who are Anæmic. Their complexions become unhealthy in appearance, their eyes are lustreless and tired, their nerves are strained and overwrought, their breathing is difficult and becomes hurried and gasping on slight exertion. If women and girls would but improve the quality of their blood by taking a course of Iron 'Jelloids', much needless suffering could easily be avoided. As a matter of fact, every girl and woman should take a few Iron 'Jelloids' now and again. With the blood restored in quality, the sufferer is no longer enervated, listless and dull—the eyes sparkle with the Beauty of Health, one feels energetic and fit.

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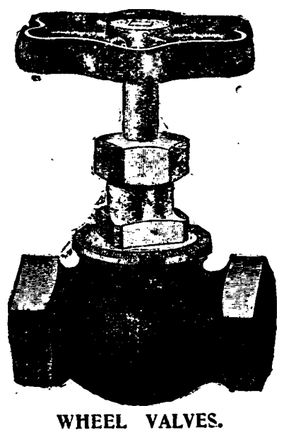

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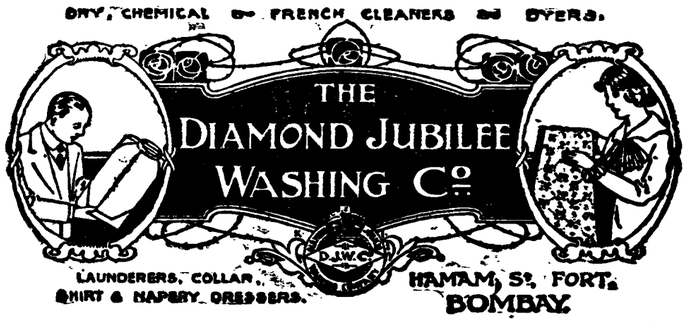

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CASUALTY LIST.

(Continued from page 9.)

Lieut P H Gibbins, Field Artillery.
Lieut A S Giles, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut R P Giles, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut R Gill, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut E C Goldsworthy, Field Artillery.
Captain N A Grant, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut D G Gray, West Kents.
Major V B Gray, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut W S Gregor, Highland L. I
Second-Lieut E S Griffin, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut J P Grove, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut R S Gustard, Sherwoods.
Lieut P E S Hackett, South Lancs.
Lieut C A Hall, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut K P Hall, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut S Hall, Manchesters
Second-Lieut R Halliday, Manchesters.
Lieut A L G Hamilton, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut T Hanson, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut F Harland, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut J S Harris, Engineers.
Second-Lieut R M Haswell, Devons.
Lieut R H Hayes, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut J F D Heath, East Lancs.
Major P J B Heelas, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R D Hemphill, Devons.
Lieut C M Hebburn, Argylls.
Second-Lieut O M Hetherington, Manchesters.
Lieut C J Hewitt, Grenadiers.
Captain C E Hickman, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut F R Hinderlich, Sherwoods
Captain A M Hodbein, Garrison Artillery.
Captain F A Holden, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut E Holland, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut H R Hooper, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut F S Howell, Gordons
Second-Lieut W O Hughes, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut M E Humphrey-Moore, Manchesters.
Captain J H Humphreys, East Lancs.
Captain A G P Hunt, Essex
Second-Lieut T M Hussey, Hampshires.
Lieut H Ingoldby, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut F M Inwood, Middlesex.
Lieut A Jackson, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut J T James, Welsh Regiment.
Second-Lieut F C Jenkinson, North Lancashires.
Captain R D Jeune, Trenchmortar Battery.
Second-Lieut W F L Johnson, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut A Johnston, Gordons.
Second-Lieut F E Jones, Labour Corps.
Second-Lieut G V Jones, Welsh Regiment.
Captain J F Jones, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut R A Jury, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut L J R Joye, Manchesters.
Captain R C M Keefe, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut W S Kemp, Gordons.
Second-Lieut J Kidd, Gordons.
Second-Lieut C L Kitchingman, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut J W Knight, York, and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut P J Knight, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut G M Kydd, Royal Scots
Second-Lieut N D Lambert, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut L W Larsen, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut F A Lawson, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut B G Lee, Field Artillery.
Lieut J L Lee Jones, Liverpools.
Lt-Col. C E Lemboke, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut G H Lennon, Leinsters.
Captain A H T Lewis, Berkshires
Lieut J M C Lewis, Welsh Regiment.
Lieut A Lincoln, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A Linton, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut J Lloyd Jones, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut S J F Loe, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut S M Lord, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut J B Love, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut J S Lowick, East Lancashires.
Second-Lieut J P. Lunt, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut A McCall, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut H McCorquodale, Camerons.
Lieut J O McElroy, Manchesters.
Lieut J A McKinlay, Highland L. I.
Second-Lieut A M Mackintosh, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut A McLean, Northamptons.
Captain I C Maclean, Medicals.
Second-Lieut N McLean, Camerons.
Second-Lieut G McMillan, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut A J MacNair, Camerons.
Lieut L A Macreght, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut W W Manning, Wiltshires.
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Second-Lieut H Marsden, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut L N Matthews, Welsh Fusiliers.
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Second-Lieut T H Middleton, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut D J Milne, Gordons.
Captain F J C Moffat, Gordons.
Captain L K Mordecai, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C D Morgan, Northamptons.
Second-Lieut P D Morrison, Scots Fusiliers.
Captain J W Myers, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut W Myers, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut C F L Neish, Black Watch.
Captain A R Newton, Devons.
Second-Lieut R H B Nicholls, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Ollerenshaw, Manchesters.
Captain R Ord, North Lancashires.
Lieut S A Ormerod, Field Artillery.
Captain W B Orr, Manchesters
Second-Lieut G C Owen, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A J Paton, Cyclist Corps.
Lieut W R Pattinson, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Captain H Pearse, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C E Peck, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut T J Pemberton, Bedfords.
Lieut W E Philpots, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut F J L Picton, Sherwoods.
Captain J Plowman, Leinsters.
Captain H R Price, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut R G Pullen, South Lancashires
Second-Lieut L C Rae, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut W D Rees, Berkshires
Second-Lieut E S A Reeves, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut J T Reid, Gordons.
Lieut-Col. W C Retallack, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut J M Roberts, Welsh Regiment.
Second-Lieut B E Robinson, Liverpools.
Captain G C Robinson, Medicals.
Second-Lieut S Rothwell, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut A J Rowlette, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut A E Ryan, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut R Sant, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut S R Saunders, Field Artillery.
Lieut A E Scrutton, Londons.
Captain A G Shaw, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut F S Shaw, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut N E R Silcock, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut R J Skelton, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut A N Skinner, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut F C Smith, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut P C Smyth, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut H T Snape, East Lancashires.
Lieut R W Stafford, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut H Stone, Lincolns.
Major W Strachan, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut E A Suckling, Gordons.
Lieut A Sumner, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut C P Swan, Argyll and Sutherlands.
Second-Lieut T P Sykes, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut A S Taylor, Scots Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut D C Taylor, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J E Taylor, Manchesters.
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Lieut-Colonel R G Thomson, Field Artillery.
Capt C P Tindal-Atkinson, North Lancs.
Second-Lieut C T Tod, Scottish Borderers.
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Second-Lieut C W Toms, Liverpools.
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Second-Lieut H G L Trimingham, Londons.
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Second-Lieut A Walker, Engineers.
Second-Lieut V G H Wallace, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut H J Warbrick, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut G L Warren, Machine Gun Corps.
Capt J Warwick, Medicals.
Second-Lieut A Washington, Enginetrs.
Major C N Watson, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut J C Watson, Camerons.
Second-Lieut R A Watson, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut H R Watt, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut A H Webb, Northamptons.
Second-Lieut A H West, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut R J Wheeler, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut F C Whiting, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R A Whittle, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut E Williams, Engineers.
Second-Lieut L G Williams, South Wales Borderers.
Capt F H Williamson, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut W H Wood, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut J M Woods, North Lancs.
Lieut W S Woolven, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut E H G Worden, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut J H Young, Londons.

WOUNDED MISSING.

Capt E Belfield, Middlesex.
Lieut P W Farr, Middlesex.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut S McC Linden, Garrison Artillery.
Capt J L Strain, Garrison Artillery.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut S J Bear, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut F E Beauchamp, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut J F Brakell, Cavalry Special Reserve.
Capt H G Davies, Lancasters.
Lieut G U Dobbie, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut J Gibson, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut J G Gibson, Camerons.
Second-Lieut C W Guthrie, Royal Scots.
Capt R L Hartley, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut J R Mackay, Camerons.
Lieut J Rickards, Medicals.
Second-Lieut F S Sandeman, Camerons.
Capt D S Thorne, Engineers.
Second-Lieut N M Timpson, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut J N D Wickham, Lancasters.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW WOUNDED PRISONER.

Second-Lieut J D M Stewart, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY PRISONERS NOW WOUNDED PRISONERS.

Second-Lieut A E Crisp, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut G S Facer, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut W Gilchrist, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut L Holman, Hussars.
Second-Lieut F W Illingworth, Camerons.
Second-Lieut S R Smith, North Staffs.
Second-Lieut J A Soames, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut E J Townley, Lancs Fusiliers.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW NOT WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut F A Stringer, Welsh Fusiliers.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut W H Allan, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut H M Currie, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut D J Davies, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut H Fitzhugh, East Lancs.
Second-Lieut A H Petrie, Trench Mortar Battery

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED MISSING NOW KILLED.

Capt G F H Charlton, South Wales Borderers.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING BELIEVED KILLED NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut F A Emington, Manchesters.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Lieut W L Mills, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut V Roberts, Welsh Regiment.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut B W Ashworth, West Kents.
Lieut-Colonel B Best-Dunkley, Lance Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J W Brown, Yorkshires.
Major C Farmer, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H N Godwin, Labour Corps.
Second-Lieut J D Innes, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut D King, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J C Lee, Berkshires.
Lieut C B Randall, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A G Reynolds, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut V H Sowerby, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut F J Wright, Liverpools.

DIED.

Second-Lieut M C Crerar, Field Artillery.

WOUNDED.

Lieut L W Battershill, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut G F Benson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut T H Bird, Munsters.
Capt J C Campbell, Flying Corps.
Capt J McA Dickson, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut R L Hadfield, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut G A Hawkes, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut W H Howes, Flying Corps.
Lieut C S King, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C M McWilliams, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C E Nicholls, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G G Proctor, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut C L Beewe, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut G S Richardson, Mouchesters.
Lieut-Col W C E Rudkin, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W H Sidey, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut C E Slaughter, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut C G Snook, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut R R Trail, Garrison Artillery.
Major J S Youle, Garrison Artillery.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW DIED OF WOUNDS AS PRISONER:—

Lieut V Smith Northumberlands.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW WOUNDED AND PRISONER.

Lieut V Smith, Northumberlan.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONER.

Second-Lieut W H Pitt, Worcesters.

NAVAL CASUALTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 17.

WOUNDED.

Sub-Lieut Arthur S W Willis, R.N.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING, NOW KILLED.

Flight-Sub-Lieut. Cecil R Blagrove, R.N.

NAVAL DIVISION, KILLED.

Sub-Lieut Arthur J Palmer, Volunteer Reserve.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut Cecil F M Burnside. Marine Light Infantry.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

KILLED.

Lieut-Commander William E Sanders, Naval Reserve.
Lieut Henry H Portch, Volunteer Reserve.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Flight-Lieut Charles V Arnold, R N Probationary.
Flight Officer Leonard E Forman, R A.

MISSING.

Flight Sub-Lieut Seisyllt H Lloyd, R N.
Flight Sub-Lieut Maurice N Baron, R N.
Flight Sub-Lieut Alan T Gray, R.N.

SLIGHTY INJURED.

Flight Sub-Lieut Gabriel H G Smyth, R N.

WOUNDED.

Flight Sub-Lieut Archibald L Garland, R N.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

Flight-Lieut Howard J T Saint, R N.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING BELIEVED PRISONER NOW PRISONER.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Gerald E Nash, R.N.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONER.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Raymond L Kent, R.N.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Edmund D Roach R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lieut Harold Smith, R. N.

ROYAL NAVAL DIVISION. WOUNDED.

Lieut James G Mackinlay, Volunteer Reserve.

MISSING.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Ford S Strathy, R. N.

WOUNDED.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Robert F. P. Abbott, R.N.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

MISSING.

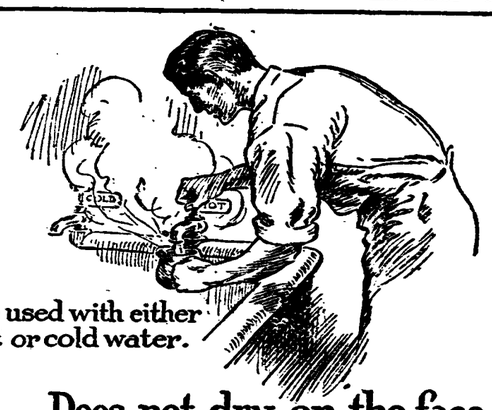
Flight-Commander Philip A. Johnston, R.N.
Flight-Sub-Lieut Eris A Bennetts, R.N.

SLIGHTLY INJURED.

Probationary Flight-Officer Ronald Sykes, R.N.

ROYAL NAVAL DIVISION. WOUNDED.

Sub-Lieut Thomas D Baxter, Volunteer Reserve.



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Helps the razor.
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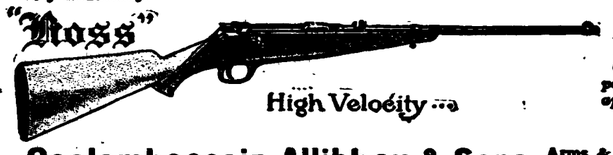

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"RECALLED TO LIFE."

HOW DISABLED SOLDIERS ARE RESTORED.

The first number has just appeared of an interesting periodical "Recalled to Life," which is published under the auspices of the War Office, the Pensions Ministry, and the Red Cross and Order of St. John of Jerusalem Joint War Committee. It should be in the hands of everybody because it is a revelation of the new possibilities of hope and usefulness which are opened to disabled sailors and soldiers by the new methods which are now provided for their care, re-education and return to civil life.

Produced in a yellow cover with a format similar to "The National Review" and well illustrated, the new magazine contains evidence of the careful supervision of its editor, Lord Charnwood, and of Mr. Everard Cotes, well known in India, who is its Assistant Editor. In the course of their foreword they write:

"It is the purpose of this journal to diffuse as widely as possible among those who are in any way concerned with the welfare of our sailors and soldiers returning disabled from the war, and not less among such sailors and soldiers themselves, knowledge as to the means by which they may be restored, as nearly as the nature of their injuries permits, to full participation in, and full enjoyment of, the activities of civil life. . . The thought of the disabled cannot fail to awake first of all a deep feeling of compassion, and, in a sense of course, it claims all our compassion. But something is wrong with the man in whom that sentiment can remain merely or even mainly sorrowful. . . Those who want to help the disabled can often help him best by enabling him to get a clear idea of the various openings that lie before him. The organization now in being for training the disabled man, for opening to him a satisfactory place in life, and incidentally for carrying his cure farther, is not complete, but for some time past it has been far more effective than is commonly known. The subject is large and is intricate. It is hoped that succeeding numbers of this journal will be able to present something like a complete map of the field, and thereafter a continuous and inspiriting record of the work that is being done in it. In issuing our first number we do not wait to achieve completeness, even in outline—though a masterly preliminary survey will be found in the following article by Sir Alfred Keogh. Descriptions of several of the chief restoration agencies, written by the most competent authorities, have been kindly placed in our hands. We issue them with the least possible delay, confident that we shall thereby do much to arouse the interest and to enlist the service of some who have not yet seen the gravity and many who have not yet known the hopefulness of our problem. In our second and in each succeeding number we hope to publish articles, similar in character to Sir Robert Jones's article on Orthopaedic Surgery, dealing with the treatment of particular kinds of disablement, such as loss of limbs, pulmonary diseases, disorders of the nerves, etc. The results of the recent International Conference on Disablement in Paris will in part at least be available for our second number, and it will thus be possible to supplement the information in regard to France which is given in our present article on that subject. It will not be possible to treat the important question of the economic openings which different trades afford to disabled men till the inquiry, now being made by the Ministry of Labour, has proceeded further, but the relations of the problem of disablement of Labour policy generally will be treated in our next number by a competent exponent of what may be called Labour opinion?" ,

ORTHOPAEDIC SURGERY.

In addition to the Memorandum, above referred to by Sir Alfred Keogh, the first issue also contains a remarkable article by Col. Sir Robert Jones on Orthopaedia Surgery in its relation to war. As the writer explains: "The import and meaning of the term orthopaedic surgery is often entirely misunderstood. We may at once dismiss the common error that it deals specially with disorders of the feet, from a vague association with *pes*, the Latin word. The word orthopaedic is derived from the Greek words meaning "straight" and "a little child," and was originally intended to indicate that orthopaedic surgery has to deal with the making of a straight child.

"Beginning with the treatment of common deformities of children, such as club-foot, bow-leg, and knock-knee, orthopaedic surgery has steadily enlarged its borders as the results of treatment and brought enlightenment on the subject of useful function in distorted limbs; thus the treatment of joints impaired by tuberculosis or injury, or deformities due to any cause, or disabilities of muscles all came within its scope.

"The effects of severe wounds by modern exposives have so frequently given rise to deformities and disabilities requiring orthopaedic treatment, and the whole question of dealing with the disabled man and fitting him for a useful future has assumed such proportions, that it has become necessary to establish orthopaedic centres in several parts of the country."

Among the other articles Captain Basil Williams deals with "Pensions"; there is the text of a special report on work in France and Germany and the Editors are responsible for interesting Miscellanea and Notes.

"Recalled to Life" has made a start which promises well of the objects it has in view and it is heartening magazine to read by those who desire to help the wounded but do not know how to do so and by those who are oppressed by the thought of the hundreds of thousands of disabled men who will form one of the saddest legacies of the Great War. That that legacy will not be all sadness is one of the functions of the magazine to make plain. The price is two shillings an issue and the publishers are Messrs. John Bale, Sons and Danielsen Ltd., Oxford Street, London.

ESCAPES FROM GERMAN PRISON CAMP.

PRUSSIAN PRONUNCIATION.

Speaking at the prize distribution at Sir William Perkin's School, Chertsey, on July 24 Sir John Brunner said he had recently welcomed home his grandson, son of his eldest daughter, who had been a prisoner in Germany for 18 months and two days. His grandson, a lieutenant in the Royal Flying Corps, had made six attempts to escape, and on the sixth occasion he had succeeded. He had as his companion Captain A. J. Evans, who was very well known in the cricket world. When they got away the journey occupied seventeen days. They never had more than about a score of raw potatoes each for the last six days. His grandson told him that he had learned a great many things well in Germany, one being to talk German, which he picked up from a Prussian orderly, and it was very fluent—German of excessive strength. (Laughter.) They walked through the villages talking German loudly, and when stopped were taken for Prussians. The King had sent for his grandson and Captain Evans, and when he had heard that his (Sir John's) grandson had been in six prisons he made the kindest and most keen inquiries as to the prisoners.

BRITISH SOLDIERS' EXPERIENCES.

Two British soldiers, says the "Morning Post," who have escaped from Germany have arrived at a British port, where they have related their experiences. One is Lance-Corporal Kane, of the Royal Scottish Regiment, who was made a prisoner at Cambrai with sixty others of his regiment, and the other Corporal Thumpston, London Regiment, of Peckham. On being sent to Munster, Kane with a comrade, made his first unsuccessful attempt to escape. He was given away by a civilian. As punishment he was sent to work in the coal mines, but, on striking, he was given work aboveground, and after waiting his opportunity for two months, he escaped again. He and his comrade were discovered, and two sentries and a dog effected their recapture. He was sent back to Munster and given cells with dry bread and water. Thumpston was buried by an exploded mine in the Hohenzollern Redoubt on December 30, 1915, and was posted as missing, believed killed. He was wounded in the head and unconscious until he was dug out by a Bavarian. Eventually he found himself at Munster, from which camp nine months later he was sent to work in the coal mines. Refusing to perform his task he was given a job above-ground, and while engaged here he and two Frenchmen escaped. They were nearly recaptured. Later they were seen in a village, and were caught by sentries and dogs. As punishment they were sent to Sterkrade to work in the coal mines, but, again refusing to perform his task, Thumpston was returned to Munster. Here on June 22 he and Kane were working with a party on the road between the camp and Hamm when a heavy thunderstorm came on, and under cover of this they escaped, tramping hard for three hours and eluding all pursuit. After varied adventures they succeeded in six nights in reaching the frontier, crawling over the last mile of their journey. Both men declare that the prisoners of war receive their parcels. The Germans themselves are in a bad way, and while they do not rob the prisoners of their food, they are so suspicious that they open all tins of meat and fish, and cut up all loaves of bread to see whether anything is concealed in them.

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Printed and published by JOHN F. TITUS, for the Indian Newspaper Company, Ltd., at the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" Press Medow Street, Fort, Bombay.